CONSULT
Universal
FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.
(Estd. 1919)
A LEADING INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANY
For Your
LIFE, FIRE, MOTOR, MARINE & COUNTRY CRAFT INSURANCES
KANCHANLAL VARAJDAS,
General Manager.
Head Office:
UNIVERSAL INSURANCE BUILDINGS, Fort, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. ...

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

VOL. XXXIV NO. 62 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

'VITA'
Safety Razor And Blades
For Clean and Smooth Shaves
New York Trading Company,
Prospect Chambers Annexe.
Hornby Road. BOMBAY.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

Red Troops March On Teheran

But Iranian Premier Pleads Ignorance

MOSCOW MOVES PUZZLE BRITAIN AND U. S.

TEHERAN, March 13, (A. P. A.): Soviet combat troops today were moving southward across Northern Iran and in the general direction of the Turkish and the Iraq border.

Red army tanks and armoured cars entered Karadj, twenty miles from Teheran, the Iranian capital.

Highly reliable reports from Azerbaijan province in northern Iran said Russian cavalry columns are entering Iran through the border town of Astara on the Caspian sea.

Communist troops with full combat equipment have entered the towns of Mianeh, Marageh and Miyandab near the southern end of lake Urmia in the vicinity of the Turkish and Iraq borders.

SOVIET TANK EXPERT

TEHERAN, March 13 (Reuter): It is reliably learned here that the Soviet tank expert Marshal Bagramian is in Tabriz. The capital of Azerbaijan.

SOVIET PRESSURE AGAINST TURKEY

WASHINGTON, March 13 (Reuter): M. Huseiniala, the Persian Ambassador in Washington, said to-day that Soviet pressure against Turkey had passed from the stage of a war of nerves and he anticipated border troubles on the Turkish frontier.

U.S. OFFICIALS PUZZLED

WASHINGTON, March 13 (A.P. A.): Reports of large Red Army reinforcements moving into Iran put a new strain on Russian-American relations to-day and threatened a critical test of the United Nations Organisation's Powers to preserve peace.

Officials here were frankly puzzled concerning the Soviet objective of sending more troops into a country from which they were supposed by International Agreement to have withdrawn all forces by March 2.

Speculation on what the Russians may be up to covers three possibilities:

1. They may be trying to force a pro-Soviet Government on Iran.

2. They may be trying to bring sufficient threats of force against Turkey to win territorial concessions.

3. They may have designs on the Mosul oilfields of Iraq.

If any of these or a combination of them is the answer, it seems certain that the Russian aims will be in sharper conflict with British interests and American pronouncements than at any time since the end of the war.

Top officials here firmly expect that unless the Russians change their course and greatly modify their reported activities, the problem will be thrown into the United Nations Security Council scheduled to be convened in New York on March 25.

PERSIA MYSTERY DEEPENS

The Persia mystery deepened to-day when following reports that tanks and armoured cars last night were only 23 miles from the capital, Teheran. The Persian Prime Minister Ghavam Es Sultaneh declared that he had no confirmation of Russian troop movements in north Persia.

Two of the subjects he discussed during his visit to Moscow, M. Ghavam said, were the evacuation of Persia by Soviet troops and the problem of Azerbaijan.

"Unfortunately", he said, "I reached no agreement and negotiations with the highest ranking Soviet leaders remained without results. I did not achieve the object I had in view".

Reuter's Military Correspondent to-day pointed out that the road from Kazvin to Teheran along which Russian troops were said to be moving was not one to encourage a campaign in the open.

Karaj, which the Russians were said to have reached, is not a place where an army can stop; it is not much more than a collection of mudhuts by the wayside. From Karaj to Teheran is not more than two-three hours by road for an armoured column.

Karaj has been hitherto the first Soviet checkpost on the way north from the capital, but it was very much formal affair consisting of a bar across the road, two tents and a platoon of Russian soldiers.

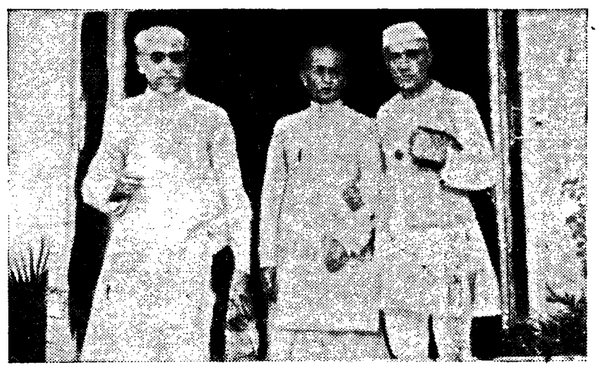
The no appearance of Russians, who were reported to be moving through Karaj into the Capital, suggests therefore that there may have been a flaw in the report; otherwise more specific news about the column of tanks and armoured cars would now be available from Teheran.

The road from Kazvin to Teheran is unfinished, and it would be an intrepid commander who would trust his ranks on it without a large supply of spare parts and adequate repair facilities.

NO REPLY TO BRITISH NOTE

The British Foreign Secretary Mr. Ernest Bevin, stated in the House of Commons today that the Soviet Government had not yet replied to the

(Continued on page 5 column 4)



Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru who arrived in Bombay on Wednesday afternoon is seen with Maulana Azad and Mr. Asaf Ali.

CABINET MISSION'S ITINERARY

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON March 13.

I understand the cabinet mission will leave for India this day next week viz Wednesday March 20.

Mission's itinerary in India will last about eight weeks. The Mission will spend four weeks in Delhi and Simla and the other four weeks will be spent in visiting provincial cities and some leading Indian States.

BLOMBERG DEAD

NUREMBERG, March 13. (Reuter): Field-Marshal Von Blomberg, Hitler's former Minister of War, died of heart failure in a United States Military Hospital here this afternoon.

In Front Of G.M Syed's House

KARACHI, March 13 (API): Kazi Mohamed Mujtaba, a municipal councillor, commenced hunger-strike in front of the residence of Mr. G. M. Syed, Leader of the Sind Assembly Coalition Party, to-day at noon.

Before commencing his fast, Kazi Mujtaba had discussions with Mr. Syed and persuaded him to withdraw his "no-confidence" motion against the Muslim League Ministry.

He urged Mr. Syed to reconsider his decision and join the Muslim League which was the only representative body of Muslim India.

A personal guard of Mr. Syed has been posted at the gate of his bungalow

GOD AND TRUTH SYNONYMOUS

Gandhiji On Bravemen's Path

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

While holding his evening prayers this evening at Rungta House, Gandhiji explained a certain Bhajan—God's path is that of a brave man. He said that the words God and Truth were synonymous. Of the million names of God the best and the choicest was Truth. In the pursuit of Truth one should be ready even to lay down his life.

Briefly referring to the recent disturbances in Bombay he said that those who were responsible for looting did it in ignorance and under misguidance. They did not do it of their own free will. Gandhiji said he would not call them hooligans.

In the end Gandhiji exhorted the audience to pray to God so that He may grant them strength and determination to die in the cause of the country.

Earlier Gandhiji asked for the approval of the audience if he could speak in Hindustani at to-morrow evening's prayers and day after's. He offered the option of Gujarati. But the approval of the audience went in favour of Hindustani.

PUNJAB MINISTRY PERSONNEL

LAHORE, March 13 (API): A Punjab Government Gazette Extraordinary announces that His Excellency the Governor of the Punjab has made the following allotment of portfolios among the members of his Council of Ministers:—

Lt.-Col. Malik Khizr Hayat Khan Tiwana, the portfolio of General Administration and Maintenance of Law and Order.

Sardar Baldev Singh, the Portfolio of Development.

Nawab Sir Muzaffar Ali Khan Qizilbash, the Portfolio of Revenue and Irrigation and

Lala Bhim Sen Sachar, the Portfolio of Finance and Industries.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MAY)
New York, March 13

Previous closing	26.77
To-day's opening	26.82
Difference	+05
To-day's closing	mutilated.

Bosfa
Estd 1904
Fresh!
The gentle cleansing and emollient properties of Bosfa Tearose Soap make your complexion fresh, smooth and invitingly lovely as flowers at dawn.
Bosfa
TEAROSE SOAP
BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY

Bose Indicts Treasury Benches

Exposes Double Deal Towards I. N. A.

Cites Secret Instructions That Belie Official Assurances Given In Assembly

NEW DELHI, March 13. (A.P.I.): The Leader of the Opposition, in the Central Assembly, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, caused a stir in the Assembly to-day, when he read our three letters containing instructions which he said belied assurances given in the House by official spokesmen that I. N. A men were to be tried only for acts of brutality and not for mere collaboration with the enemy or other such charges.

THREE LETTERS

The three letters were: one written by the Director of Intelligence, the second by the G.O.C.-in-Chief, Eastern Command, and the third by the Chief of the General Staff.

The first gave instructions to police and C.I.D. to watch on defence service personnel and recruits so as to eliminate men themselves connected with subversive political movements and anti-Government activities. The other two letters gave instructions to impede the repatriation of Lieut.-Col. A. C. Chatterjee and others of the I.N.A. suspected of collaboration with the enemy.

Mr. Bose was speaking on a Congress Party cut motion, which was passed without a division, to censure Government on their "irresponsibility, inefficiency and corruption in administration"; on the administration of centrally administered areas and to discuss their Planning and Development policy.

PAT ON THE BACK FOR EXECUTIVE COUNCILLORS

During the debate four Government members spoke including the Leader of the House, Sir Edward Benthall, who strongly repudiated attacks made against the Executive Council, and defended Indian members of it. He paid a tribute to their moral courage in the face, not only of the enemy during the war, but in the face of criticism from their own countrymen.

During the resumed debate on Mr. Vadilal Lallubhai's cut motion in the Central Assembly today Syed Ghulam Bhik Nairangh (League) raised the question of constitutional reforms in Baluchistan.

HAQUE'S REPLY

Sir Aziz Haque, Commerce Member, replied to some of the criticisms against planning and development policy in so far as his Department was concerned.

In the case of the textile industry, however, the Commerce Member said that Government were furnished with the required information and Government tried to help them. If in 1943 or even in 1944 the industries had responded to Government's request and furnished necessary information, India would not have been in her present position. What had happened was that even before the war over, certain other countries had placed orders with the manufacturers.

Mr. Mukat Behari Bhargava (Congress) complained that public opinion had not been associated with the administration of Central areas.

GOVT. MEASURES TO TACKLE CORRUPTION

Sir John Thorne, Home Member detailed the steps Government had taken to stamp out corruption which, he said, was a general phenomenon during war period. By increased police, judicial powers and by legislation Government were doing their best to check the evil.

FOREIGN DOMINATION TO BLAME

Mr. T. V. Satagopa Chari (Congress) said that it was good that the existence of corruption had been admitted but he would blame for that the foreign domination of India.

GADGIL'S THREE TESTS

Mr. N. V. Gadgil (Congress) said three tests which he would apply were, firstly whether there was sufficient food and clothing for all, secondly whether the Government have

(Continued on page 5 col 1)

GOVT. CENSURED

For "Irresponsibility, Inefficiency And Corruption

NEW DELHI, March 13 (A.P.I.): The Assembly passed without a division, Mr. Vadilal Lallubhai's cut motion to censure the Government on their "irresponsibility, inefficiency and corruption in the administration and on the administration of the centrally administered areas", and to discuss their Planning and Development policy.

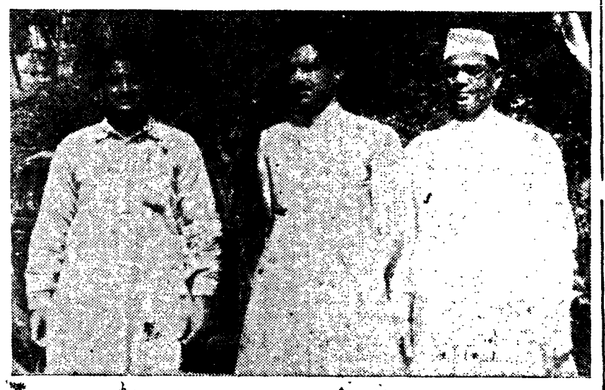
"SUBHAS NOT DEAD"

What Gandhiji Told Shah Nawaz And Sehgal

BOMBAY, March 13 (UPI): "Whatever you may tell me to the contrary, I still believe in my heart of hearts that Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose is alive."

The information that the above positive statement was made by Mahatma Gandhi during his talks with Major-General Shah Nawaz and Col. Sehgal last night was conveyed to the 'United Press of India' this morning by Col. Sehgal.

The 'United Press' further learns that on being conducted to Gandhiji's presence yesterday, both of these I.N.A. heroes greeted Mahatmaji with a military salute shouting 'Jai Hind' to which Gandhiji responded smilingly with folded hands.



Maj.-Gen. Shah Nawaz (left) and Col. Sehgal (centre) on their way to meet Mahatma Gandhi on Wednesday.

Fate Of Finance Bill Sealed?

Congress Working Committee's Instructions To Sarat Bose To Throw It Out

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY.

THE CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE MET TWICE TODAY. IT FIRST MET FOR ABOUT TWO HOURS IN THE MORNING AT THE RESIDENCE OF MR. BHULABHAI DESAI AND ADJOURNED TO MEET AGAIN AT 2 P.M. AT BIRLA HOUSE.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who arrived by the Calcutta Mail via Nagpur attended the afternoon sitting. The train arrived three hours late. From the station, Panditji drove straight to the residence of the Congress President and the two came to the meeting of the Working Committee together.

At the end of the day's meeting, Maulana Azad told waiting reporters that he had hoped that he would be in a position to issue something to the press. But the Committee had not concluded general discussion of the political situation. He also announced that the Committee would meet again at the residence of Mr. Desai on Thursday at 9 a.m.

"THROW IT OUT"

BOMBAY, March 13 (U.P.I.)—The 'United Press of India' Special Representative reliably learns that the Congress Working Committee at its yesterday's sitting decided that the Congress Party in the Central Assembly must make every endeavour to throw out the Finance Bill this year also and be no party to its acceptance in however modified a form it may be presented.

This decision of the Working Committee was, it is understood, conveyed to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Leader of the Congress Assembly Party, through Mr. Asaf Ali by means of trunk telephone last night.

Stalin Indicts Churchill —Page 5—

Azad Denies Press Report On Socialists

BOMBAY, Wednesday (U.P.I.) "All I can tell you is that the story given out by a certain news agency (not United Press) in today's papers that demand for the exclusion of the Congress Socialists from the Indian National Congress is under consideration before the current Session of the Working Committee is absolutely false" said Maulana Abul Kalam Azad Congress President, in a statement to the United Press special representative this morning.

END OF FIGHTING IN JAVA?

Indonesian Counter-Proposals To Dutch Offer Of Dominion Status

BATAVIA, March 13 (Reuter): Formal talks between the Dutch and Indonesians in which Doctor Sutan Sjahrir, the Indonesian Premier, is believed to have presented counter-proposals to Dutch plans to give the Netherlands East Indies, Dominions Status began at the residence of the British special envoy, Sir Archibald Clark-Kerr, to-day.

An official statement said: "Useful exchange of views took place" between the Dutch headed by Doctor Hubertus Van Mook, Lieutenant-Governor-General of the Netherlands East-Indies and Indonesians headed by Premier Sjahrir, under the Chairmanship of Sir Archibald Clark-Kerr.

More meetings will take place in the next few days.

Fighting appears to have ceased in Western Java where a British convoy of food and other commodities for British and Allied troops freed from Japanese prison camps has been trying since Saturday to battle its way forwarded to Bandoeng from Soekaboemi in the face of fierce extremist opposition.

The Indonesians claim that the fight was ended on orders of Doctor Sjahrir.

STOP PRESS

TAKEN BY SURPRISE

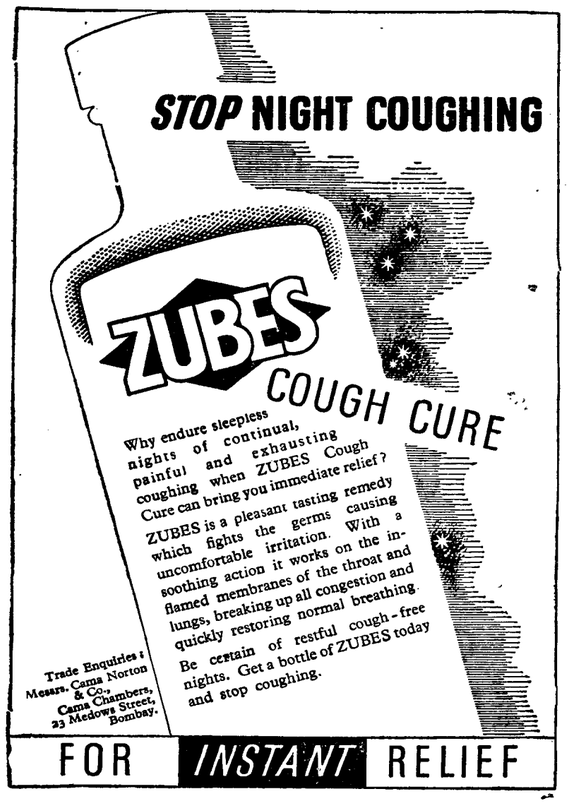
WASHINGTON, March 13 (Reuter): The Persian Ambassador in Washington Husein Ala said that he was anxiously awaiting word from Teheran on the new movements of Red Army forces into Persia and added "it was quite unexpected and has taken us completely by surprise".

GENERAL MOTORS
AUTOMOBILE PARTS & EQUIPMENTS

1. Delco Remy Replacement Parts.
2. A.C. Fuel Pumps & Parts.
3. Delco Shock Absorbers.
4. New Departure Ball Bearings.
5. Hyatt Roller Bearings
6. Harrison Radiators.
7. Walker Garage Tools
8. Allen Electrical Equipments
9. Binks Spray Painting Equipments
10. Kent Moor Tools & etc. etc.

For BUICK, CADILLAC, CHEVROLET, G.M. TRUCK & OLDSMOBILE CARS.

SPENCE LIMITED.
23, CONVENT RD. CALCUTTA


STOP NIGHT COUGHING
ZUBES
COUGH CURE
Why endure sleepless nights of continual, painful and exhausting coughing when ZUBES Cough Cure can bring you immediate relief? ZUBES is a pleasant tasting remedy which fights the germs causing uncomfortable irritation. With a soothing action it works on the inflamed membranes of the throat and lungs, breaking up all congestion and quickly restoring normal breathing. Be certain of restful cough-free nights. Get a bottle of ZUBES today and stop coughing.
Trade Enquiries: Messrs. Cama Norton & Co., Cama Chambers, 23 Meadows Street, Bombay.
FOR INSTANT RELIEF

Women love
A friendly chat
They'll talk oe'r tea
Of this and that
Menfolk too
In hours of leisure
With glass in hand
Discuss the weather
On stocks and shares
Their talk is bent
On politics
There's grave dissent
But one and all
Are quite agreed
of CAREWS gin
There's common need.

Carew's Dry Gin

J. J. HOSPITAL AND GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE CENTENARY CELEBRATIONS

Governor Eulogises Spirit And Sacrifice Of Both Institutions And Appeals For Funds

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A century of solid achievement in the sphere of medicine and medical relief was laid on record at the inauguration ceremony this evening of the Joint Centenary Celebrations of the Sir J. J. Hospital and the Grant Medical College when many speakers, including the Governor of Bombay, eulogised the spirit of sacrifice and the passion for progress that animated the two institutions. The central lawn of the J. J. Hospital, in front of the Clock Tower, where the function was held, was thronged with guests and spectators who included many veterans of the medical profession.

WELCOME TO GOVERNOR

Lt.-Col. Jelal M. Shah, Superintendent of the Hospitals and Principal, Grant Medical College, welcoming the Governor and the guests, observed that the illuminating history of the birth and development of the College and the Hospital, going back to 1835, brought out pre-eminently the two unique personalities of Sir Robert Grant, the then Governor who was the first to conceive the idea of providing a medical college in Bombay, and Mr. Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy whose "spontaneous generosity" paved the way for the establishment of a Medical College with facilities for clinical teaching.

Tracing the eventful career of the College he said that men of eminence like Charles Moorehead and Nusserwanji Fakirji Surveyor had laboured to make of it a living movement of national service. Prof. Haffkine, the celebrated Russian scientist and inspirer of the Haffkine Institute, had worked for a time in a room in the Petit Laboratory of the College in the year 1898 when he arrived in India to continue his researches in the matter of prophylactic inoculations against plague.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS

Lt.-Col. Shah said they were that day launching an appeal to the public for funds the fulfilment of which would enable the provision of a Convalescent Home and Infirmary for all patients irrespective of caste or creed, the establishment of a Research Institute and a Medical Library, the endowment of a Poor Students' Fund, the provision of amenities for nurses in the J. J. Group of Hospitals and the grant of compassionate gratuities to members of the subordinate and inferior staff of the Hospitals. Ending on a note of hope, he said, "We are the humble and devoted servants of the poor sick entrusted to our care and will always be proud to serve them to the best of our ability."

Speaking next, Dr. Alban DeSouza, Mayor of Bombay, gave a lengthy account of the many surgeons and doctors who had served the two institutions with their gifts of originality and industry. The doctors in India, he said, must make the country self-contained in medicine and medical research. The first need of India was a research institute to be run on the most modern lines and with an efficiency comparable to that of similar institutions in the West, reaching out to the remotest villages in the land.

TRUSTEES' TRIBUTES

Sir Purushotamdas Thakurdas, Trustee, Grant Medical College, paid tribute to the founder, Mr. Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy and said that some years ago when he visited the Hospitals he found floral wreaths laid at the foot of his statute by poor patients. That showed the appreciation of the dumb multitude for the selfless work of the great man.

Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Trustee, Grant Medical College, associated himself with the sentiments expressed by the speakers and appealed for liberal donations to the funds.

"The fortunes of the Grant Medical College and the J. J. Hospital have been inseparably linked since their foundation, and we celebrate today a century's progress, in the course of which both institutions have made an outstanding contribution to the theory and practice of medicine in India," observed Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, inaugurating the celebrations. The speech was relayed by the A.I.R.

GOVERNOR'S APPEAL

The Governor added: "In order to mark the completion of the 100 years' outstanding service which the College and the Hospital have rendered to the community and at the same time to ensure the progressive development of their work in the years to come, the Council has opened a Centenary Fund and is appealing to public generosity for a sum of thirty-five lakhs. Everything that tends towards their many laudable aims is deserving of wholehearted support and I ask that it be given." He hoped that the mile-stone of a century would be the foundation-stone of a yet greater and nobler edifice, "worthy of the great souls who have gone, worthy of the task and of the opportunity which lie before us to-day."

Dr. C. S. Patel, General Secretary of the Centenary Celebrations, said: "Bombay and its citizens, irrespective of caste and creed, have always looked upon these ancient institutions as their own and we know we can confidently look forward to adequate response from the public, to our humble appeal."

Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram proposed a vote of thanks to the Governor. In doing so he recalled the old history of the two institutions that contained many an episode of suffering and self-sacrifice and that connoted the triumph of many hopes and ambitions.

J. J. Hospital Centenary

Two-day Celebrations Arranged In City

Dr. C. S. Patel, General Secretary of the Centenary Celebration, writes:

Saturday March 16 and Sunday, March 17 have been fixed as Hospital Days.

On Saturday, school children, primary and secondary, college students and ladies will be admitted free to these institutions and will be taken round by the doctors or the medical students who will explain the working of the various sections of these institutions. The museum and laboratories will be a source of great attraction and instruction to the public.

On Sunday the general public will be permitted to see the working of these institutions. This will be an occasion when the people will see with their own eyes what services these institutions have been rendering to the sick and the poor of the country, for all these hundred years and more. We hope the public of Bombay will gather in thousands and will avail themselves of these splendid opportunities. Boxes will be placed in these institutions for the collection of funds for these humanitarian aims which these celebrations have in view. It is hoped that the liberal-minded public of Bombay will extend its generous hand for helping the sick and the poor and for the advancement of medical knowledge and research.

Leaders Thanked

Dr. C. S. Patel adds: The organisers of the Centenary Celebrations are greatly indebted to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel for accepting their invitation of becoming the patron-in-chief of the Grand Council of the Centenary Celebrations and to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and His Highness the Aga Khan for accepting their invitations to become the patrons of the Grand Council of the Centenary Celebrations.

We believe that these world-known personalities have done great honour to these institutions and the Centenary Celebrations by associating themselves with them. We hope to enlist the sympathy and the co-operation of all the leaders and citizens without any distinction of caste and creed.

EMPLOYMENT FOR "DEMOBBED" MEN

Mr. G. P. Hutheesing Secretary, I.N.A. Employment Bureau writes:

Many ex-service men discharged from Army, Navy or Air Force have approached our Employment Bureau for employment. Our Bureau would be very happy to welcome them and render any assistance in securing jobs, especially to those men who have been discharged not as a measure of demobilisation, but on political or other considerations.

C. S. P. Now In 'Cold Storage'

Asoka Mehta Corrects Press Misstatements

BOMBAY, Wednesday, (U.P.I.): "In a message about the Socialist and the Congress carried by a news agency today there are two serious misstatements," observes Mr. Asoka Mehta in the course of an exclusive statement to the "United Press of India."

Continuing he says: "The message describes me as the General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party. Apart from the fact that the Congress Socialist Party is at present illegal, it is necessary to remember that for some years now we are not functioning as a party. The Party to use a popular expression, is in "cold storage". And I have never had the honour to be its General Secretary.

"It is further suggested in the report that I characterised the recent happenings in Bombay as a "dress rehersal of things to come". This description obviously does not apply to looting and arson. It refers to the mutiny of the armed forces, to the general strike of workers and the magnificient hartal in the city. The synchronosation of resistance by the armed forces, workers and the public was hailed by me as a dress rehersal of the struggle that will come, if full power is not forthwith transferred to the Indian people by the British Government.

"I deplore with the rest of my countrymen the outbursts of violence. But the surest way to check them is not by machine guns but by a declaration of Indian Independence by the King.

Postal Notification

The Town Sub delivery offices at Byculla and Mahim which are at present functioning as a result of the local recent disturbances in Jacob Circle Post Offices and Matunga Post Office buildings respectively will reshift to their original premises with effect from Friday, March 15 and will perform the postal delivery work only. The Post Box holders at Byculla Post Office will get their usual deliveries from that office.

Booking of telegrams, registered letters, parcels, money orders, sale of postal orders and S. B. and Casn Certificate transactions except enquiries and Certificates of Posting will remain suspended till further notified.

POSTAL NOTICE: With immediate effect the booking of inland parcels from all post offices in the Bombay Postal Circle is stopped until further orders. This order does not apply to official parcels and parcels containing medical supplies.

CITY SHIAHS WELCOME CONGRESS ASSURANCES

A meeting of the Bombay Shia Political Conference held on Tuesday, under the presidentship of Mr. Mohamed Yusuf Rizvi, supported the resolution passed by the "Majlis-e-Amal" (Executive Body) of the All-Party Shia Conference at its Poona meeting to the effect that the Shia community should generally boycott the forthcoming Provincial Assembly elections, except in case of such candidate or candidates who will also support the legitimate rights of the Shiahs.

The meeting expressed its confidence in the leadership of Quid-e-Akbar Hooseinbhoy Laljee in his negotiations with the Congress leaders and welcomed the assurances given to him by Maulana Azad, Sardar Patel and Pandit Nehru that the interests of the Shia community would be upheld by the Congress, so long the electorate in India were on a communal basis.

The meeting opined that Pakistan was harmful to the interests of the Muslim masses, particularly Shias and those Muslims in minority provinces. It demanded adult franchise with reserve seats in the joint electorate. It maintained that the Shia masses had no enmity towards any other section of the Muslim masses, but their fight was chiefly against Imperialism and "Pakistani" League High Command.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

INCOME-TAX RETURNS PREPARED AND CLAIMS MADE ON BEHALF OF CONSTITUENTS

Local Head Offices CALCUTTA-BOMBAY-MADRAS and over 400 Branches and Sub-offices throughout India Burma and Ceylon

London Office 25, Old Broad Street

Challenging! *Authoritative!!*

MAULANA

Abul Kalam Azad

By A. B. RAJPUT, M. A.

A critical study of the life, achievements and the known and unknown aspects of India's most important personality of the day. In this book the author examines in detail the Maulana as a Man, as a Scholar and as a Politician who has played an important role in India's fight for freedom.

Rs. 4/8/-

SOLD BY ALL BOOKSELLERS or POST FREE

From the publishers:—

LION PRESS — LAHORE

STUDENTS AND CITY DISTURBANCES

Patil Contradicts Sakrikar's Statement

Mr. S. K. Patil, Leader of the Bombay Municipal Congress Party, writes:—

I have come across a press statement made by the General Secretary of the All-India Students' Congress blaming the Corporation, and particularly the Bombay Municipal Congress Party, for passing a resolution in the Municipal Corporation over the recent disturbances and implicating the students in these disturbances. I must categorically contradict the wrong assumptions made in this statement. In fact, the whole statement is based on utter ignorance of facts. Had Mr. Sakrikar cared to read the proceedings of the Corporation in regard to this resolution, he would not have made the irresponsible statements as he has done.

The facts are these:—The original resolution moved by Mr. Noshir Bharucha did implicate students in the disturbances. An amendment was moved by Mr. Subramaniam on behalf of the Municipal Congress Party deleting that portion of the resolution in which students were implicated in the disturbances. The amendment was carried by an overwhelming majority.

I wish Mr. Sakrikar, with his office in the Congress House, had taken the trouble of consulting me before rushing to the press with such grave allegations against a responsible Congress Organization.

Public Receptions To Shah Nawaz

The General Secretary, B.P.C.C. writes:

Major-General Shah Nawaz Khan of the Indian National Army, who has come to Bombay to see Gandhiji, will be accorded a public reception on behalf of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to-morrow (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. at Shivaji Park, Dadar.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has kindly consented to preside.

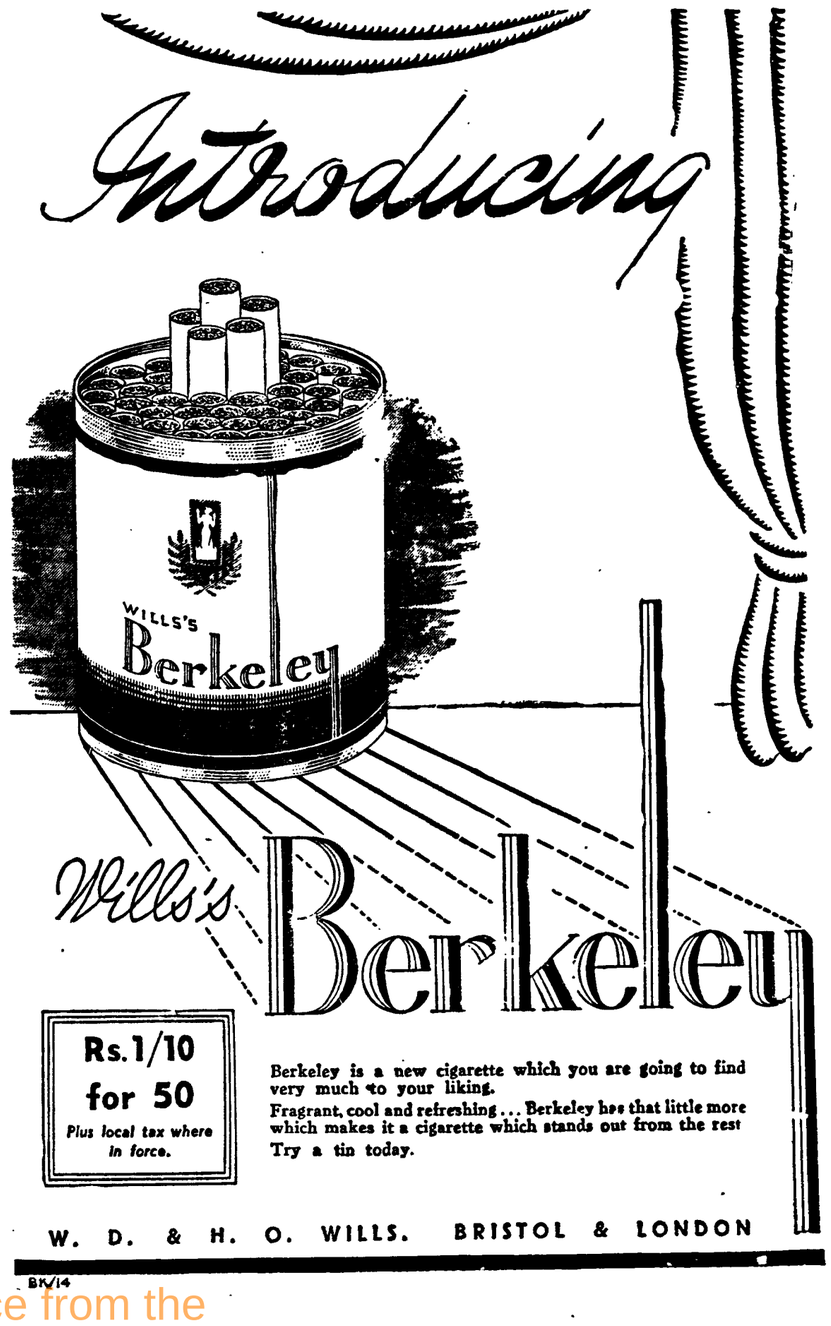
Representatives of public bodies and commercial associations desiring to participate in the reception are hereby requested to be present at the meeting with the garlands, in time.

Elaborate loudspeaking arrangements will be made and special enclosures reserved for ladies and workers.

Congress Sevikas and Volunteers are hereby required to report for duty at 4-30 p.m. sharp.

CALL TO I.N.A. MEN

All I.N.A. men who are in service in Bombay are required to call at the office of the I.N.A. Employment Bureau, Congress House, today (Thursday or Friday) at 3-30 p. m. They are required for some Congress work and they should make it a point to report themselves after getting leave from their employers, if necessary, for two hours.


Introducing
WILLS'S
Berkeley
Wills's Berkeley
Rs. 1/10 for 50
Plus local tax where in force.
Berkeley is a new cigarette which you are going to find very much to your liking.
Fragrant, cool and refreshing... Berkeley has that little more which makes it a cigarette which stands out from the rest
Try a tin today.
W. D. & H. O. WILLS. BRISTOL & LONDON
BK/14

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

MATINEE TOMORROW 1 P.M.
SHREE VISHNU CINETONE'S
BHAKTA
PRALHAD
Starring: LEELA CHITNIS, ULLHAS, ANANT MARATHE, DIXIT.
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Tomorrow 1 p.m.
Plans open: 10 to 12, 4-30 to 6 p.m.
NOVELTY
A 'SELECT' RELEASE

MATINEE TOMORROW 1 P.M.
JAMUNA PRODUCTIONS'
RATTAN
Starring:
SWARNALATA, WASTI.
KARAN DIWAN.
Daily: 4, 7, 10 & Tomorrow: 1 p.m.
9TH WEEK OF FULL HOUSES
IMPERIAL
A DIAMOND-SELECT Release

IV WEEK
of Sustained Popularity
GOURI
CENTRAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
ACME Release.

TOMORROW AT 4 P. M.
LOVE
IS—IF NOT, MUST BE RECIPROCAL?
WHO SAID it.....?
SEE IT FOR YOURSELF IN
SOHNI MAHIWAL
Directed By
ISHWARLAL & RAVINDRA JAYAKER
JAYANT DESAI PRODUCTIONS'
Love-Lyric
Starring:
ISHWARLAL, BEGUM PARA, MUBARAK, DIXIT.
Daily 4, 7, 10
Reservation 10 to 12, 4 to 6
NEW WEST END
A LUCKY Release

MATINEE TO-MORROW
1 p.m.
JAYANT FILMS' Social Hit
INSAAN
Starring:
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
KISHORE SAHU, PAHARI, DAVID.
Plans open: 9-30 to 12-30, 5 to 7 p.m.
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30 p.m. Sun. 1 p.m.
CAPITOL
BOMBAY RELEASE THRU' DAWLAT CORPORATION
DISTRIBUTORS:
THE SCREENS

MATINEE TO-MORROW 1 P.M.
NAVYUG'S
DIN-RAAT
SNEHAPRABHA, PARESH,
Daily 4, 7, 10 To-morrow 1 p.m.
5TH WEEK AT
KRISHNA
A PEERLESS RELEASE

ENTERTAINMENT ORDER REVISED

The public is reminded that from March 17, 1946, the number of persons to whom eatables can be served or distributed at or in connection with any party or function or entertainment in Bombay City and the suburbs, should not exceed 24.

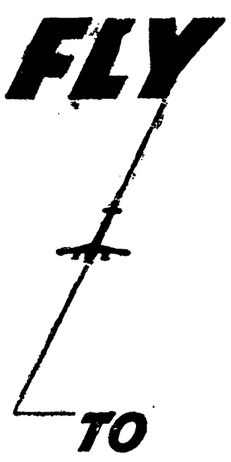
The public is also requested to help the authorities to enforce the Order rigidly by furnishing to them information of any contemplated breach of the Order.

"ELITE" Icecream

FREEZER
MAKES YOUR ICECREAM & MILKSHAKE READY WITHIN 2 MINUTES
PRINCES, HIGH COURT JUDGES, DOCTORS, MAGISTRATES, ENGINEERS, BUSINESS MAGNATES, EDUCATIONISTS, FILM STARS are daily using it.
WHY NOT YOU?
Local demonstration given without obligation. PRICE Rs. 20 EX-SHOWROOM, LAHORE.
RAM LALL KAPUR & SONS
39, Commercial Buildings, Lahore.
Local Agents:—RAZZAK LTD., P. O. Box 332, Bombay.

Also HAIR, SHOES, NAIL BRUSHES, etc.
Sole Distributors.
MEHERALI & CO.,
3/0, Tandel Street, Dongri, Bombay 9.
Mfg. JOE KALYAN & CO.

WANTED
LADIES and GENTS desirous to increase their height and weight and to look 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age and to get lovely improvement in features and charms like past young days when the skin was smooth and fresh. Write for FREE Booklet and live for 100 years young, fit, strong and healthy with Roses on the face. Write address in BLOCK LETTERS.
THE WHITEWAY CHEMICAL WORKS
P.O. Box No. 320, Lahore.

TATA AIR LINES
FLY

TO
HYDERABAD Rs. 85
MADRAS „ 155
COLOMBO „ 250
AHMEDABAD „ 60
KARACHI „ 155
DELHI „ 150
DAILY SERVICES
Definite Bookings
at
TATA AIR LINES
TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT)
Tel. 24598
ESPLANADE MANSIONS
ESPLANADE RD. BOMBAY
Open 5 a.m. to 10 p.m.
OR
ANY TRAVEL AGENT
Copyright: Tata Sons, Ltd. JWT(E)LTD.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Fagan Shud 12, 2002.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 9, 1365.
Parsi: Mener 12, 1315.
Sunrise: 6-49 a.m., Sunset 6-48 p.m.
Rightide 09-37, 22-33.
Lowtide 04-11, 15-48.

Domestic Occurrence

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Sabnis and Dr. B. S. Sabnis hereby convey their grateful thanks to such of their friends and relations who were kind enough to express sympathy in their sad bereavement in the sudden and premature death of their beloved Sudha (Mrs. B. S. Sabnis) who departed this life on the 20th of February last aged 28 years. They regret their inability to render individual thanks.

DEATH

DOCTOR.—MRS. GULBANU, wife of Mr. Jehangir Rustim Doctor, Daughter of Mr. Navroji Hormusji Katrak, expired yesterday noon. Funeral this morning at 8 (S.T.), from Dungarwadi, Upper Bungli.

Today's Engagements

CORPORATION: No Meeting today the 14th and on Monday, March 18. Next meeting on Tuesday. March 19.

SILVERFISH: Talk on "Civilization is a Collective Endeavour of Humanity" by Dr. Ghurye at 6 p.m. today.

ALEXANDRA GIRLS' ENGLISH INSTITUTION: Founder's Day Sports at Cooperage at 3-30 p.m. today. Sir Chunilal B. Mehta to preside.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: at Petit Fasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines, Farvardegan Festival Hambandagi at 6-30 p.m. followed by Dastur Bode's lecture on "The Philosophy of the Framraot Ha."

ESPLANADE HIGH AND MIDDLE SCHOOLS: Visual Instruction Day and Annual Day at 10 a.m. tomorrow at the Majestic Talkies.

CRICKET CLUB OF INDIA: A meeting of the Secretaries of the various Cricket Clubs of Bombay scheduled for tomorrow has been postponed to March 22.

DISCOURSES ON BUDDHISM: The Rev. Bhikku Dhammapala, a well-known Buddhist scholar, is expected to arrive in Bombay from Ceylon during the next few days to deliver a series of lectures in Bombay dealing with every aspect of human life—individual, social, moral and spiritual. Rev. Bhiku Dhammapala was at one time a Catholic priest and has, for the last seven years been a Buddhist. The lectures will be held under the auspices of the Indi-Lanka Buddhist Association.

A.I.R. BOMBAY: In Sassoon Building: Rampart Row, the paintings of Shree Angarika Govinda are at present being exhibited. AIR Bombay will broadcast a short commentary on the exhibits at 5-45 p.m. today on 244 and 48.73 metres. The commentator: Rudy Lyden.

SCIENTIFIC MILK PRODUCTS OF INDIA, LTD.

Scientific Milk Products of India Ltd. is a new Company. It is situated at Madhepur near Darbhanga in Behar. It has floated for public subscription fifty thousand ordinary shares of ten rupees each. There are many uncommon features of this common enterprise. The selection of site in Behar is very wise as Behar is famous for fluid milk and, no means yet exist there to preserve milk scientifically and prepare milk products to distribute them to other parts of India where milk is scarce. India imports a huge quantity of milk products from foreign countries every year. Success of such an enterprise will put a stop to the drain of national wealth.

MR. D. S. BADWAL: Mr. D. S. Badwal of Messrs. D. S. Badwal and Co., Ltd., left England for India on February 15. He has been granted a special priority air passage from the Board of Trade to visit India on important business connected with the development of Indian industry.

NATIONAL WEEK EXHIBITION COMMITTEE: The Secretary of the Committee, Matunga, writes:

It has been arranged to hold an exhibition of Khadi and Gram Udyog (Village Industries) products in Matunga during the National Week, commences from the 6th of April, 1946. For the past few years exhibition and sales of various village Industries products have been one of the important features of the programme during the National Week with a view to encourage and popularise Village Industries and hand made products. The exhibition used to attract thousands of people every year and it has been decided to have the exhibition this year for ten days. Various political and cultural activities also form parts of the programme during the exhibition. This activity has the complete support and co-operation of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. Those who desire to participate in the exhibition, either for the purpose of exhibiting their hand-made goods or for the sales by booking stalls may immediately get in touch with the Secretary, National Week Exhibition Committee, Bombay 19.

Stable On Fire

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A fire broke out today at noon in a horse stable situated at Ripon Road. Some of the horses reported to have been burnt alive. Horses let loose escaped safely through the flames. It may be remembered, some time ago that some portion of the same stable was gutted by fire.

Convicted For Misappropriation

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Found guilty of the charge of misappropriation Jethalal Jivram a bill collector in the firm of Messrs. Hargovindas Narayandas, a commission agent of Bombay was sentenced to undergo three months' R. I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 by Mr. A. I. Rahimtoola Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court today.

Accused Jethalal, it was stated, collected bills to the tune of Rs. 8,185 from different customers and did not deposit the amount with the firm. He pleaded guilty to the charge.

GANDHIJI TO HOLD PRAYERS AT SHIVAJI PARK TO-DAY

B. P. C. C.'s Appeal To Public For Peaceful And Disciplined Conduct

The following instructions regarding the public prayer of Mahatma Gandhi have been issued by the General Secretary of the B.P.C.C.: It has already been announced that Mahatma Gandhi has consented to hold his public prayer to-day (Thursday) at Shivaji Park, Dadar. The prayer will start at 6-45 p.m. Provided those who attend the prayer observe perfect peace and discipline, Gandhiji would also be persuaded to address the gathering. Since Gandhiji is addressing a mass gathering of the citizens of Bombay after many years, it is natural that large crowds of people would be desirous of attending the prayer meeting. The B.P.C.C. is making very elaborate arrangements to enable a large gathering to take part in the prayer in a perfectly peaceful and disciplined manner. For this purpose, large enclosures have been reserved for ladies and adequate loud-speaking arrangements have been made. Special enclosures have also been reserved for Press people and Congress workers. Admission to these enclosures will be by passes which can be had to-day from the Congress House throughout the day and also to-morrow till 12 noon. The transport companies have been approached for special facilities regarding adequate transport for people attending the prayer meeting.

The B.P.C.C. appeals to owners of mills and factories and also commercial associations to close their business a little earlier in the evening for the convenience of a large number of their employees wanting to take advantage of this opportunity. Educational institutions are also requested to close their institutions a little earlier to enable their students to take part in the prayer. Gandhiji and the prayer party will be seated on a specially constructed dais high enough for everybody in the spacious maiden to see them. People will be admitted to Shivaji Park from 4 p.m. so that there should be enough time for the large gathering to assemble without rush or inconvenience.

Congress volunteers and Sevikas, as well as volunteers belonging to other friendly corps, are required to be present at Shivaji Park in their uniforms at 3-30 p.m sharp. The B.P.C.C. fervently appeals to all those who will attend the prayer meeting to be perfectly peaceful and disciplined in their behaviour and make the prayer meeting a great success.

CALL TO SEVIKAS

Mrs. Safia Khan G.O.C. of the Congress Sevika Dal writes:—

There will be a public prayers by Mahatmaji at Shivaji Park, Dadar today (Thursday) at 6-30 P. M. All the Sevikas and Kumarikas residing at Dadar and Matunga should come there in their unifirm at 4-30 P. M. and Sevikas residing in South Bombay should come to Congress House at 3-45 P. M. sharp to attend the same.

Registered Graduates Must Vote For B. G. Kher

B. P. C. C.'s Instructions To Voters: Time Limit Expires On March 27

The Publicity Secretary of the B. P. C. C. has issued the following appeal: Registered Graduates of the Bombay University are entitled to elect one member to the Bombay Legislative Assembly. The method of this election is unlike the election of fellows of the University or the General Elections to fill up territorial seats.

Every voter has only one vote. It has to be pointed out that it is not a transferable vote. A voter has to put one cross against the candidate of his choice and mark or write nothing else on the ballot paper on which the names of candidates are printed.

Every voter gets a voting paper from the Returning Officer. By now all voting papers must have reached the voters. Several voters, it is understood, have not received the papers owing to change of address. They should at once write to the Collector of Bombay for duplicate voting papers. The days available are few.

HOW TO VOTE

The voting paper consists of two parts, a counterfoil and an outerfoil; the outerfoil is the real ballot paper on which the cross is to be marked. This part is to be separated from the counterfoil and, after marking the cross, put in an envelope. This envelope is to be closed and the counter-foil pasted or pinned to it.

The voter has to sign the counterfoil and his signature must be certified by a Gazetted Revenue or Judicial Officer, or a Magistrate or a Justice of Peace. Then this envelope is to be put in another envelope which is to be sent by post to the Collector of Bombay. Every voter must see that his voting paper reaches the Collector of Bombay on or before 27th March.

The Congress candidate is the ex-Prime Minister Shri B. G. Kher who is opposed by a Hindu Mahasabha candidate.

KHER'S LIFE SKETCH

Shri B. G. Kher was born on the 24th August, 1888, at Ratnagiri. He was educated at Wilson College where he distinguished himself as the Vurjeowandas Madhavdas Sanskrit Scholar and Bhaoo Dajee Prizeman. He practised as Vakil from 1912 and from 1918 as a Solicitor. He began taking active part in politics from 1922. For some time he worked as a Secretary to Mr. Justice Beaman and travelled in Europe and America. He was the Secretary of the Swaraj Party (Bombay Branch) founded by Pandit Motilal Nehru and Mr. C. R. Das. He was the Secretary of the Bardoli Satyagraha Inquiry Committee, consisting of members of the Legislative Council.

PUBLIC SERVICE

For sometime, he was Vice-President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. He was a member of the Congress Anti-untouchability Committee appointed in 1930. Since 1928, he has been working in the Bombay Suburban District for the Congress and in 1930 he was the Officer-in-charge of the Vile Parle Satyagraha Camp. He conducted the Salt Satyagraha Campaign vigorously and was convicted and sentenced to 8 months' rigorous imprisonment and fine in April 1930.

In January 1932, he was again arrested and detained under the Ordinance and later, convicted and sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment and fine in February 1932. He was the President of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, Maharashtra Province, member of the Executive Committee of the Social Service League and of the Dispensary Committee. He was a Founder and member of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Legal Aid Society, which renders assistance to poor persons free of charge and Co-Editor of the 'Bombay Law Journal'. He was Vice-President of the Shraddhanand Rescue Home (Anath Mahilashram) and Founder and Secretary of the Chamdewali-ki-Wadi Charitable Dispensary and Free Hindi School in Bombay. He is one of the foundation members of the National Council of Indian Civil Liberties Union and was the Hon. Treasurer of the Bombay Branch.

He was elected as a member to the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the Bombay City North and Bombay Suburban District General Urban Constituency and was unanimously chosen as the leader of the Congress Legislature Party in 1937.

CONGRESS PREMIER

He was the first popular Prime Minister of the Government of Bombay. He served as the President, Central Advisory Board of Education, appointed by the Government of India during 1937-39. He resigned in 1939 at the instance of the Congress Working Committee on the issue of participation of India in War without the consent of the Indian people.

He is the founder and President of the Adivasi Seva Mandal, a social body working for the amelioration of the aboriginals in the Thana district. He was jailed during the individual civil disobedience movement between 1940-41 and detained for a period of two years between 1942-44 during the 'August' movement. He is the President of the Bombay Branch of the Hindustani Culture Society, Secretary of the Bombay Suburban Social Service League and Chancellor of the Tilak Maharashtra University. His address (residential): 'Alaka', 14th Road, Khar, Bombay 21. Office: C/o Messrs. Manilal Kher, Ambalal and Co., 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.

Appeal To Christian Voters

The Nationalist Christian Party Bombay, has issued the following appeal to Christian voters:—

In commending the candidature of Prof. K. P. Kuwel (Coelho) for the Bombay suburban cum Thana District Chistian Constituency, we deem it proper to give you a short record of his career. He is an M.A.,B.T. and at present, a senior Professor of education in the Training College, Bassein, conducted by Jesuit Fathers. Prior to this, he has been teaching in the St. Xavier's College Calcutta. Most of you must have read his interesting and masterly contributions to the "Examiner" on education, politics, history and Sociology. He had the priviledge of serving as a member of Bassein Municipality, during which tehm, he has worked as Chairman of schools, dispensary and managing committee. He has intimate knowledge of the food problem and the working of co-operative societies being the chairman of the Bassien Catholic consumers' co-operative society which experience will be a positive asset in these days of food crisis.

In view of the above record, we hope the Christians will find in Prof. Coelho the most suitable candidate deserving their full support, and appeal to them to return him to the Assembly by an overwhelming majority.

The Polling day is on Friday the 15th instant and the hours wil be from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. continuously. There is no symbol, but Prof. Kuwel's name appears first on the ballot paper against which you will have to put a cross.

APPEAL TO CHRISTIANS TO VOTE FOR ALBAN D'SOUZA

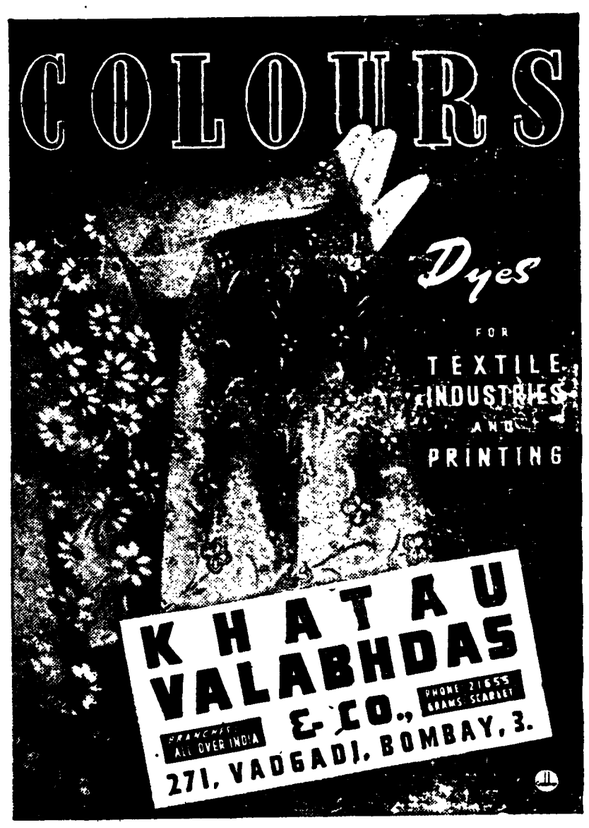
The President of the Bombay All-Malayalee Conference and the Secretary of the Maharashtra Nationalist Christian Party appeal to all Christian voters to back Dr. Alban D'Souza, Mayor of Bombay, who is contesting a seat in the Bombay Assembly from the City Christian constituency.

REMANDED IN CUSTODY FOR ALLEGED LOOTING

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Arrested last night on charge of having participated in the looting of shops at Girgaon Road during the recent disturbances, four "dadas" of the locality, Kalya Tukaram, Dhondu, Babu Sambhaji and Ramchander Mukund were produced to day, befors Mr. J. D. Kanga, Presidency Magistrate who remanded them in police custody til March 27.

"The poets did well to conjoin music and medicine, because the office of medicine is but to tune the curious harp of man's body"
—Bacon.
When the health is lost life's music is lost. Reap rich rewards in new strength . . . new vigour from the sparkling drops of Ladcovine—a tonic exceptionally valuable for rehabilitating the system impaired as a result of any illness, surgical operation, child-bearing or physical or mental strain.

LADCOVINE
THE PERFECT TONIC WINE
LISTER ANTISEPTICS, CALCUTTA
A.A.S.



IT'S THRILLING—
THE BATTLE OF
HALDIGHAT

in
RANJIT'S
HISTORICAL CLASSIC
Rajputani
Starring: VEENA ★ JAIRAJ ★ BIPIN GUPTA ★ GULAM MOHMED
Director: ASPI
NEXT THURSDAY at
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
AJIT Release

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

A commission (or mission) of inquiry is a favourite device of British Government for dealing with awkward problems, internal or external. It has many obvious advantages. It postpones the necessity for taking a difficult decision for a time at least. gives interesting employment to a number of distinguished public servants or ex-servants, produces a volume, often very readable, full of valuable information and orderly statistics. Finally, there is always the possibility that the Commission may light on an acceptable and workable solution of the problem. This is unusual.

—General (now Field Marshal) Wavell.

The Bombay Chronicle

ALARMING STATEMENT

A sensational announcement comes from Washington. It relates to reports that the Soviet Union, instead of withdrawing its troops from Iran, is actually reinforcing them. It is also suggested that some troop movements are in the direction of Teheran itself. If these reports are at all correct, all hopes for the future of Iran must be lost. For the Russian move will be an invasion of Iran reminiscent of Hitler's descent upon Austria or Czecho-slovakia. But we do not believe these reports even though they are announced officially by the State Department. The Russian decision to ignore the terms of the 1942 Agreement was a bad enough outrage. Reinforcement movements of troops, as reported from Washington, would invest the outrage with a cynicism worthy only of unprincipled, immoral Nazism and Fascism. It would amount not only to be a defiance of every honourable principle but also to a notice to the world that the Soviet Union has set before itself the path of super-Czarism and military aggression.

We cannot believe that the Soviet Union has yielded itself to such cynicism. We rather want to think that such reports are the inevitable result of the confusion in Iran which is easily fruitful of exaggerated rumours. But the confusion itself is dangerous enough both for Iran and for the future of international peace and security. The Iranian Majlis is already a casualty of this confusion. It has been dissolved leaving a far from desirable vacuum. A representative body is temporarily to fill the vacuum. But it can neither last long enough nor prove adequate enough. And if elections are eventually held while Soviet troops remain they will not be free and will be powerfully influenced by the military presence of a foreign Power. Even in the meantime also the danger is very real of a "coup d'etat" inspired and encouraged by the presence of foreign troops. The Soviet Union may later confront the world with such "coup d'etat" as a "fait accompli" but not only will the freedom of Iran have gone but there will also have been sounded the death-knell of security and international democracy and peace.

Capital Levy

We commented yesterday on the Finance Member's lame and unconvincing apologia regarding the remission of the Excess Profits duty. Equally lame and unconvincing were his pleas against a capital levy to enable this country to take up the process of intensive and progressive industrialisation at the earliest opportunity. Sir Archibald assures the Assembly that he has rejected capital levy after detailed consideration mainly for these reasons: (1) "Experience in other countries has shown that a capital levy has never been a success, unless it carried with it the wholehearted support of the taxpayers; (2) "It requires a very large staff, which we have not: (3) "In my judgment, it should come after, and not before, Estate Duty". Not one of these arguments carries any weight There is not a single direct tax which will be welcome to the taxpayer, let alone carrying his wholehearted support" which Sir Archibald postulates. Besides, such support as tax measures obtain come from the popularity of the Government imposing them. If Sir Archibald is conscious of his Government carrying no support with the Indian people he should vacate his office and surrender his portfolio, and not decry essentially sound measures of taxation. As for the lack of adequate staff, surely those who could, for the destructive and unpopular purpose of a war, raise so many millions of personnel, train and equip them, in less than a year, cannot plead absence of adequate staff for such a purpose of national development unless, of course, it is a confession that the staff he and his Government can raise will neither be honest nor adequate for this purpose.

Apart from these polemics, Sir Archibald's reply, on the constructive side, leaves us as cold. His comparison between possible relief in indirect taxation, amounting to Rs. 22 crores, and the projects of public benefit estimated to cost 99 crores is only a red herring, drawn across the path of the critic, which will not throw the trained hound off the scent. The Finance Member knows perfectly well that his allusion to the possible increase in the salt duty has no bearing,—except only as an empty taunt. Nor is the figure of relief, possible under some reform of the taxation system, any validity. The promise to review the entire system of indirect taxation is equally futile, if results are to be expected between the close of the general debate and consideration of his Finance Bill. For, it involves the entire question of the fiscal policy of this country that this Government, by its own admission, is incompetent to deal with. His assurance that, in the reference to the proposed taxation committee, the subject of land revenue will be included, may be welcomed, if only as a first step in the rationalisation of the Indian revenue system, though we doubt if that is intended by the Finance Member. The measures of social service and general improvement of the conditions of life in this country, on which Sir Archibald lays such stress, cannot be considered as disjointed episodes, like so many scattered islets in a vast ocean of confusion. These measures, whether they concern housing subsidy, sanitation, water supply, or food increase, must, to be really beneficial in the long run, be considered as part of a comprehensive national plan, of the very conception of which the Finance Member appears to be blissfully ignorant. Not even in his proposal for a National Investment Board can we trace the germ of such a plan as alone, in our judgment, would suffice to solve the problem of India's national development, intensive industrialisation and abolition of destitution. Sir Archibald claims to have done his bit: but that bit is of microscopically minute proportions, which none but he can perceive.

This Apathy Won't Do

Processions, hartals and other demonstrations against cuts in rations and other symptoms of food scarcity are becoming common in many parts of India. Sir Nazimuddin, a Member of the Indian Food Council now in the U.S.A., did not in the least exaggerate the gravity of the Indian situation when he stated at New York that, if adequate food was not imported from abroad, famine might result in increased food riots and breakdown of administrative machinery. Sir Nazimuddin also pointed out that in the Bengal famine three million people died in that province alone and that, if there should be a famine in India again, from five to ten millions might fall victims to it. We believe that so many people will not this time die quietly like dogs. They will revolt, if only in desperation. Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Leader of the Indian Delegation, has urged upon the Combined Food Board that 4,000,000 tons of cereals are needed in India for the next nine months and that at least 2,000,000 tons are needed by the end of June. We have no desire to exaggerate the menace and encourage a panic. But we fear Government may be under-estimating the needs of the country by failing to make allowance for waste in the attempt to preserve cereals unusually long, for smuggling out of the country, for errors in the official estimates of crops, and for miscellaneous forms of leakage. Moreover, speaking generally, Governments have not given evidence of their having taken all precautionary measures. In Bombay, for instance, where food policy is not the most inefficient, Government asked for suggestions from the public about growing more food. Many suggestions have already been made. Many ought to be obvious to officials of even average intelligence, foresight and sense of duty. But we do not know yet what fresh measures have been adopted to ensure more food production. Have Collectors of districts taken steps to explore, in consultation with the experienced people, the full possibilities of production and preservation in their respective districts? If they have, what have been the results? Prof. Ranga's cut motion in the Central Assembly justly censures the "negligence, inefficiency and failure of the Food Department to tackle the food problem satisfactorily". The same may be said of the Food Departments in most provinces. Congress must rouse them out of their dangerous apathy.

Frankly Speaking

Wise Suggestion

Plain speaking in matters international is, as we have repeatedly said, always welcome and desirable. It tells the world what is happening and where the world is being led to. And the international atmosphere has of late been thick with plain speaking from Moscow, Washington, London and even Chungking. But it has all been a long range affair and more unofficial than directly official. It has served a useful purpose by bringing out all the issues conspicuously before the world in all their frankness and gravity. Now, the time has come for them to be dealt with plainly and thoroughly on the highest level, that is by the Big Four. This is the suggestion made by the American Senator, Mr. Tom Connolly It is a wise and timely suggestion. For, the alternative may well be for the issues to "blaze into world friction". But this very alternative may also prove the guarantee of the success of a Big Four Conference and save the world from both war and the fear of war.

Indonesian Flare-Up

It is reported from Batavia that the attack by Indonesian "extremists" on a British convoy near Soekaboemi is now developing into one of the heaviest engagements involving British troops in western Java. It is also suggested that the attack is "designed to hold up the start of Dutch-Indonesian negotiations." This is the interpretation of those who are rather concerned to run down Indonesians and bolster Anglo-Dutch policy. But even if it be correct, it is the British and the Dutch who made a free present of a favourable opportunity and excuse to the so-called "extremists" by provocatively landing troops in Java. Nor does their policy reassure other Indonesians. The leaders of the republic are reported to be in a negotiating mood. But negotiations have also been made extremely difficult. The Indonesians cannot compromise on the subject of their Independence. And if the Dutch are prepared to yield, what are their reinforcements doing in Java and why have they been brought there?

Warning To S. Africa

Though the South African Union Government may profess, for the moment, to be unconcerned at the decision taken by the Government of India to terminate its trade agreement with the former, one may be sure that sooner or later General Smuts and his colleagues will be obliged to give up their present attitude of racial arrogance and agree to discuss, in a spirit of give-and take, terms of an amicable settlement of the Indian problem. If the Union Government hopes, by precipitating matters and rushing the objectionable legislation through the South African Parliament, that Indians can be coerced into the acceptance of the "fait accompli", it will be sadly mistaken. The South African Whites and their Government should take note that whatever the present Government of India may or may not do to redress the wrongs heaped on Indians abroad by White colonials, the people of this country, now thoroughly awakened to a sense of their united strength, are not going to tolerate any longer the ill-treatment of India's nationals under the British flag and, for the matter of that, anywhere else in the world. The honour of India will be upheld by the united strength of the 400 millions of this country and her ministers and spokesmen will no more be the subservient tools of the British bureaucracy or abject defeatists of the type of Khares and Ramaswami Mudaliars.

Recall The High Commissioner

It will be seen that Dr. Khare and his Department are shilly-shallying with the situation and have not decided to recall the High Commissioner for India from South Africa. Dr. Khare's reasons for not taking this step are wholly unconvincing and are calculated only to exasperate Indians in South Africa still further. Dr. Khare says that he is waiting to see the reaction in South Africa of the notice of termination of the trade agreement, before he takes the next step. But why force the High Commissioner to undergo the humiliation of personally witnessing the hated legislation passed by the South African Parliament? His immediate recall would impress the South African Government ten times more than the half-hearted and halting measures which Dr. Khare and his Government are taking. Throughout his tenure of office the Commonwealth Relations Member has shown that he is incapable of anything more than mere heroics. The deputation, which waited on the Viceroy, has made it clear that it is the honour of the 400 millions of this country and not the mere right of a few thousands of Indians to live in South Africa that is at stake. Since Dr. Khare and his Government do not appear to appreciate this fact fully, the Assembly ought to take steps, without any delay to compel the Government to sever all diplomatic connections with the Union Government by recalling the High Commissioner forthwith.

Bhore Committee's Report

Referring to your editorial of even date, the note on indigenous systems submitted by me and two of my colleagues is found on page 46 of the Bhore Committee's report under para 13 wherein we stated "We are of the opinion that the teaching of indigenous systems of medicine should be regulated by the State. The Bombay Medical Practitioners Act, 1938, represents in regard to registration, the medical curriculum and examinations preliminary to registration, a step in the right direction. Practitioners trained and registered under the requirements of the above Act, or similar legislation, should be freely utilised for promoting public health and medical relief in India."

The words "at the end of the next chapter" is apparently a printer's devil.

U. B. NARAYANRAO.

Bombay, March 8.

Secondary Teachers Support Primary Teachers

Mr. V. B. Karnik, President Thana District Secondary Teachers' Association writes:—

Primary Tachers all over the Province are on strike, from 4-3-46. Their main demand is for a living wage. On behalf of all the secondary teachers, in this district, I endorse this demand, which, I am sure, every fair-minded citizen will admit, is just and reasonable. I appeal with all the humility, yet emphasis at my command, to all the leaders of public opinion, to give their sincere support to the struggle of this neglected class of social workers, who continued to suffer in silence for ages, but yet made valuable contribution to the cause of the nation. I also appeal to H. E. the Governor of Bombay to look personally into the grievances of the teachers, and try to redress them.

S. A. Indian Delegation Meets Viceroy

NEW DELHI, March 13, (A. P. I.): H. H. The Aga Khan, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose Sir Homi Mody and members of the South African Indian Delegation met the Viceroy at 2-30 p.m., yesterday.

HUTHEESINGH FOR DELHI

BOMBAY, March 13. (API); Mr. G. P. Hutheesingh is leaving for Delhi tomorrow to make arrangements for the departure of Pandit Jawaharlal on March 17 on a tour of Malaya. Mr. Hutheesingh will accompany Pandit Nehru during the tour.

Pandit Nehru is expected to be back in India by March 25.

First Thing We Can Do Is To "Quit India"

FALLACIES ABOUT BRITISH RULE EXPOSED

Chorley, Nichols And Sorensen On The India They Saw

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, March 8: Neither the heavy rains, nor the cold winds, nor the snow which was pouring down continuously all day long in London on Monday last stopped the people from going to Conway Hall where Lord Chorley, Mr. Sorensen and Mrs. Nichols gave a first-hand report of their recent visit to India. Prof. Richards, Leader of the Delegation was held up in Wales owing to snow. Mr. Bottomley was held up in Borough where, as Mayor, he had to swear in the new members of the L.C.C. Major Wyatt being now part of Sir Stafford Cripps' paraphernalia to India did not feel inclined to come and report to an essentially British audience whose interest in Indian affairs was roused by the recent naval mutiny and riots in Bombay, Calcutta and other places in India. It was an exceptionally good meeting where every member of the audience was eager to obtain first-hand information about happenings in India.

Heckling which was kept up throughout the meeting, was not of a frivolous character and the three Labourites took this heckling in the spirit it ought to be—every heckler wanted to learn more and was not inclined to make trouble for the organisers of the meeting. The meeting was arranged by the India League and Mr. Julius Silverman made an ideal Chairman.

Lord Chorley, Mr. Sorensen and Mrs. Nichols told the large audience that they had returned to London with only one conclusion. That conclusion was unqualified and irrevocable. It is that India must become an independent sovereign nation this year—if possible, at the earliest possible moment. They said there is not such thing as a 'problem of India'. There are no issues,—communal, economic or political—which must come in the way of determining India's independent status. Referring to the bitterness it is rather against the machine that administers the country and in no sense is it against the British people.

Indian people have great men who have done so much to bring the independence of India to a matter of practical politics. These great men are not instilling hatred or bitterness against the British people. The so-called 'problem of India' can be solved without bitterness; but when the whole country is stir from one end to the other and self-government remains unconceded, then undoubtedly there will be a great explosion with consequent set-back to Indian civilization to Britain—this great British Democracy—and to the whole world. Recent events like the naval mutiny and riots in Bombay and Calcutta are just symptomatic of this coming explosion. This is bound to happen if the people of India become convinced that the British Labour Government is insincere.

PAKISTAN QUESTION

Continuing Lord Chorley said so far as Pakistan is concerned it has become more than a mere literary aspiration—great emotional spirit is generated behind it. It has reached a pitch of great excitement. In the great Muslim cities of Calcutta and North-West Frontier there is great excitement about Pakistan, but when you study Mr. Jinnah's scheme of Pakistan, it becomes clearer that it will be extremely difficult and impossible for Pakistan to exist as a separate State. But Muslims have got so roused up that it has been difficult to consider the scheme of Pakistan impassionately. The problem is capable of solution if only this emotion is swayed away a bit and pro-Pakistan Muslims are convinded that India really is a unit.

One of the things which leads to the mind and eyes throughout India is the astonishingly low level of living of the Indian people and if the country is divided up as the scheme of Pakistan proposes, then an enormous obstruction will be placed in the way of raising the standard of life of the Indian masses. This problem can only be solved if India is preserved as an administrative unit.

As an illustration of opposition to Pakistan Lord Chorley referred to the Delegation's visit to Lahore. Lord Chorley said that in Lahore the Delegation saw enormous demonstrations of enthusiastic Mussalmans in favour of Pakistan, but only a few miles away in Amritsar—that beautiful city of Sikhs with a religion in many ways one of the finest in the world, men so tough and fine, capable and self-reliant men with brains who produced all that is best in human character in contributing towards the armed forces—the Delegation came across these men who were against Pakistan. These Sikhs will be living in the Pakistan area. They say they won't have Pakistan. They assert they are not prepared to trust the Mussalmans.

INDIAN STATES

Referring to the Indian States Lord Chorley said: The Indian Princes are no doubt on the move but some cases this movement very very slow in some there is very little approach towards self-government. But, nonethe-less, it may be that some of these Princes will have considerable contribution to make to the new India. Threfore, it will be a mistake to insist on bringing them under the Government of a Totalitarian State at the centre.

TRIBUTE TO WOMEN

Mrs. Nichols said: "I saw from the bottom of my heart that educated women of India are positively magnificent. Women in India are facing a task which would easily dismay women in many other countries.

BLESSINGS OF BR. RULE

The sight of Calcutta slums is positively a nightmare. In fact these slums are a standing disgrace. I am ashamed that these things should be happening in India when we have been there for over 150 years. The slums and other pitiable and terrible sights of Indian women, children and workers in jute mills are so incredible that I have no word to express my disgust at our rule. I only hope when we clear out—clear out we must—there will be an era in India of social, economic and industrial development that will make that great country one of the magnificent in the world.

NEHRU TIRED OF STRUGGLE

The task before India is actually great. The people who are leading her are longing for the moment when they can set forth on the task of making her a great country. Nehru said to me that he is tired of this kind of conflict, because he is longing to work for the rebuilding of India. Nehru knows that so long as this struggle goes on, India won't be able to set on her great scheme of economic, industrial and social development.

BRITISH CONCEIPT

Mrs. Nichols referred to the oft repeated query, namely: 'What will happen to India when the British leave?' Her reply was: "This is typical of the conceit of some Britishers. These men try to tell us that Indians are like children and do not know how to govern; but let me tell them that India thinks very differently—rightly too. India is convinced that once she gets back of us, she can do great things to her people. I am also often told that Indians are always quarrelling. Hindus and Muslims will cut each other's throat. This is another stupid childish argument. I say: Let them quarrel. It is their quarrel and their business. Don't we quarrel? Don't the people of Europe quarrel? Everybody has a right to quarrel. It is their quarrel and they will settle it. Let them be Hindus or Muslims or Sikhs; but they all know they are Indians and, therefore, they will ultimately settle their own quarrel.

LET US GET OUT

(A voice from the audience: You started this curse in India. Your Morley believed in divide and rule. Morley gave us communal franchise so that Hindus and Muslims may keep on quarrelling).

But the first thing that we must do quickly is to get out from India and let Indians have their country back. Let the India Office go into the Foreign Office if you like.

(Shouts: No, no. Get rid of your Bevin too).

India is a great country. She has got skill. There are the right people in India to guide her. I am not frightened about what will happen to India when we leave. Indians are clever people. They will take the job of health, education and irrigation.

One of the glorious lessons I learnt in India is how near we two people are. I come back with the burning passionate feeling that the people of India who are so like us want to be free and want their country back.

Mrs. Nichol's continued: Supposing we did thousand good things in India, still to Indians it does not matter a twopence because the country is not their own. There are no excuses for the British people for staying in India. The so-called problems will be got over, will be surmounted, when we clear out. When the announcement was made that a Cabinet Mission was going to India, all of us felt very enthralled. I personally felt ten years younger. I think we have been able to convince our Government that there is not one single moment to lose. We have also been able to convince the people in India that this Government is on level. (There is derisive laughter, murmurings of 'Bunkum' from the Hall).

It is no use saying: Ah, Ah! It is no use disbelieving me. Don't forget we inherited a nice bonny mess all over the world and we have been in office only for six or eight months. I am perfectly convinced that our Government is the most sincere—we want to go and we want to be free of this frightful responsibility of governing 400 million people who dislike our rule so intensely. We want India to be free without bloodshed. I hope the Cabinet Mission will have wide powers to settle this once for all.

HUNGER IN INDIA

When I returned from India I saw people grumbling about food shortage in Britain; but to these grumblers I say go and see the faces of the Indian people. The shadow of hunger is writ large on them and no one in Britain has the right or need to grumble. Our shortage is incomparable and indescribably nothing when you consider what the Indian people are up against.

In conclusion I want correspondents of the Indian papers present here to do me the favour. I want them to send a message to the people of India. It is my very very warmest thanks for their kindness throughout my visit to their great country.

Mr. Sorensen said: I have come back with the conviction that our business in India now is, to use the well-known phrase, 'Quit India.' High British officials in India have come to the same conclusion. One of them said to me: In this country you either govern or get out and if you want to govern you have to govern with bayonets. But today our bayonets are broken.

Referring to the continued imprisonment of Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, Mr. Sorensen said: Here was one of India's noblest sons thrown in prison without charge. While the Government takes the view that the I.N.A men fought against Britain from the patriotic motive of freeing India from British domination, this very Government keeps Jaiprakash in jail. He too has been fighting from patriotic motive of freeing India from foreign domination and exploitation. In my estimation the imprisonment of Jaiprakash is a standing disgrace for the Government of Britain. I say Jaiprakash and his colleagues must be free. All leaders of India's opinion want him to be free.

Endorsing Lord Chorley's observations regarding the Pakistan scheme, Mr. Sorensen said: Mr. Jinnah must be a little bit disappointed with the result of the election in the North-West Frontier. I believe Mr. Jinnah is thoroughly sincere and is not corrupt. He sincerely believes in his ideal of Pakistan. But his scheme does not necessarily commend itself to the whole of the Muslim community. The Congress is by no means exclusively Hindu body. Pakistan of Mr. Jinnah's conception is impracticable.

Mr. Sorensen shared Lord Chorley's views that the Indian States must come in the new India provided their autocratic powers are not continued to be buttressed by British guns. Mr. Sorensen concluded: I want India and Britain to be friends. I want it passionately. I know Indians want it too. Mahatma Gandhi said to me that provided Englishmen observed the laws of the country and lived in India in her interest, they will always be welcome. When India becomes independent Britain will truly be independent and there will be mutual trust and respect for each other. India will grasp Britain's hands as she never did before. I long with all my heart and soul a peaceful solution of the Indian problem. If today in these critical years of destruction it is possible with imagination, courage and vision to solve this problem and sever the chains that bind India to us, it will be a tremendous example for the whole world.

NO RATIONAL BASIS FOR PAKISTAN

Answering questions Mrs. Nichols said: Mr. Jinnah's demand for Pakistan seems to me extremely excessive. But 'aye' to the measure of Pakistan may be able to avoid bloodshed.

Replying to a question, Lord Chorley agreed with every word uttered by Mr. Sorensen about the "indefensible" imprisonment of Jaiprakash Narain. Lord Chorley added: The question of detenus and political prisoners is very strongly felt throughout India. One man in jail whom I visited told me that he had been in jail ever since 1918. He has been in and out of jail but not on even one occasion has he been brought before a court. I hope they all will be let out and particularly Jaiprakash.

Replying to a number of questions put by the Secretary of the Muslim League and his other colleagues who had mustered in great number, Mr. Sorensen said that the whole thing of Pakistan was brought up not on rational ground at all, but purely emotional. Mr. Sorensen was convinced if Muslims were given something of an autonomous sovereign State they will get all they need within Indian unity. Mr. Sorensen's advice to these Muslim Leaguers was to take part in the United Government of India instead of clamouring for a separate Pakistan State which is not economically sound.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"These generalities, the intentions towards minorities, the rights of Princes and, so on, can mean anything or nothing. It is very important that we should see the precise proposals and judge them on their merits. Hitherto these Indian developments have been on all-party lines and I suggest we might follow that example in the present case."

—Lord Templewood (Sir Samuel Hoare).

★ ★ ★

A European—repeat European—member of the Central Assembly complains of the difficulty of making even 'bona fide' charges of corruption because the Finance Member has stated that his room was not a "privileged place." The Member—European Member—demands that steps should be taken to provide a remedy.

The remedy is simple Don't complain and all will be well.

★ ★ ★

According to Mr. Sorabji Rustamji, Mr. Jinnah explained to the former that he didn't join the South African deputation on the principle that the League did not want to go to the Viceroy with any deputation.

You didn't know there had existed any such principle one way or the other at all? Well it's your own fault. You ought at least to have guessed that the circumstances of the situation required a suitable principle.

★ ★ ★

Practically all non-official M.L.A.'s combined in the Central Assembly to cut down the Demand for the Information Department.

Our M.L.A.'s evidently have no sense of humour or amusement.

★ ★ ★

Mr. Nauman (Muslim League) opposing the Demand complained that among the books supplied at Conferences by the India Office was Beverley Nichols' "Verdict On India."

But good heavens this is most shocking. We mean, doesn't Mr. Nauman know what the Qaid-e-Azam thinks of Beverley Nichols' "Verdict On India?"

★ ★ ★

Thus proclaims: Mian Iftikharuddin: "Today our fight is directed not against Hindus but against British Imperialism and Hindu capitalism."

Eh? What? No, no, it is well-known that there are no Muslim capitalists, landlords, etc. etc., and that, very certainly the Muslim League is completey free from such evils notwithstanding anything that may be said—quite maliciously, of course—to the contrary by friends of the Communist Party.

The very first of the four demands put forward by Palestine Arabs before the Cabinet Ministers' Mission—sorry, we mean before the Anglo-American Enquiry Commission is recognition of the rights of Arabs to complete independence in their own country.

But how can that be? There has to be provided for the Dominion of Yahudistan.

★ ★ ★

IF RUSSIA WANTS PEACE, SHE SHOULD BE LOYAL TO U.N.O.

—U. S. Senator.

All Right. Provided U.N.O. is loyal to Russia.

★ ★ ★

There comes from Washington a statement about reports that latest Soviet troops movements led into and Teheranwards rather than out of Iran.

If this is correct, we are not surprised. In fact, if the Russians have decided to stay. We see no reason, why they shouldn't as well make themselves at home in more comfortable and convenient quarters.

SMUTS TO PROCEED WITH INDIAN BILL

Rejoinder To New Delhi Reply: 'No Interference In Union Govt.'s Domestic Policy'

CAPETOWN, March 13. (Reuter): In the Union Assembly, General Smuts, Prime Minister of South Africa, said that while the Government deplored the Government of India's intention to terminate the Trade Agreement, it saw no reason for changing its plans. The Indian Bill would be introduced on March 15.

General Smuts said that he had seen the statements in the press, and since the beginning of this session and the return of Indian High Commissioner to South Africa he had kept the latter informed of the general lines along which the Union Government intended to introduce legislation in Parliament on the Indian question in Natal and Transvaal provinces

In reply the Government of India has proposed a joint conference of representatives of India and of the Union Government in order to explore an alternative solution. The Union Government has not seen its way of accepting such a method of dealing with a matter of essentially domestic policy for the Union (cheers), and had informed the Government of India that its proposal cannot be accepted and of the intention to proceed with the proposed legislation.

Reply has now come from the Government of India regretting the action of the Union Government and stating that it intends to give notice of termination of the Trade Agreement between the two countries. While the Government deplores this step, it sees no reason for altering its plan and intends to proceed with the Indian Bill which will be introduced on Friday".

Destitutes Pouring In Calcutta?

CALCUTTA, March 13 (UPI): Destitutes are pouring in in Calcutta from neighbouring districts as well as from neighbouring provinces.

About 200 destitutes were removed from the streets of Calcutta from February 20 to March 3. Of them, 121 were Bengalees hailing from 24-Parganas, Howrah and Midnapur and the rest from Bihar, Madras, Orissa, U.P. and the C.P.

Steps are being taken since February 20 to collect and find accommodation for these destitutes in destitute homes. Instructions have also been given to the District authorities of Midnapur, 24-Parganas and Howrah to keep a close watch on and take such steps as possible to check any drift to Calcutta.

"SARHAD" EDITOR RESIGNS FROM LEAGUE.

PESHAWAR, March 13. (A.P.I.): Mr Rahim Baksh Ghaznavi, editor of the "Sarhad", a local daily, and a prominent Muslim League worker, has resigned from the Muslim League.

S. A. DELEGATION FOR BOMBAY.

NEW DELHI, March 13. (A.P.I.): The South African Indian delegation left for Bombay this morning.

Congress Captures All 22 General Seats In Bihar

13 Rival Candidates Forfeit Securities

PATNA, March 13. (U.P.I.) The counting of votes for general constituencie s started yesterday and would be concluded to-day. Results received so far from counting for 22 seats show that the Congress has won all the 22 seats. Mr. Sri Krishna Singh ex-Prime Minister, was declared returned, defeating his Communist rival, Mr. Karyanand Sharma by 34,878 to 3,378 votes. The Communist rival forfeits his security. The electorate totals 56,000—perhaps the biggest rural constituency in India.

Another notable Congress success was scored in Khunti, in Ranchi District, where the Congress nominee Mr. Purna Chandra Mitia was declared elected. defeating his rival Mr. Jaipal Singh (Adibasi Sabha) by 8,998 to 3,062 votes. It will be recalled that lot of hooliganism prevailed here at the time of polling, necessitating imposition of Section 144. Many clashes occurred wherein large number of volunteers were injured.

Six Adibasis were found dead in Tapkara Bazar after the clash. The cause of death is still under investigation.

Four Radicals, two Communists, three Hindu Sabha, three Independent and one Tribhen Singh, candidates have forfeited their securities.

The latest position of the Congress Party is 66.

NINE LEAGUERS AMONG 40 MUSLIMS

PATNA, March 12. (A.P.I.): According to results of voting in the Muslim constituencies of the Bihar Assembly received so far, seven Muslim League candidates have been returned from various constituencies. They were (in) every constituency opposed by Congress Nationalist Muslim, Momin or Jamiatululema candidates. This brings the strength of the Muslim League party in the Bihar Assembly to nine out of a total 40 Muslim seats. Two Muslim League candidates were returned unopposed earlier.

CONGRESS LEADS IN U.P.

LUCKNOW, March 13. (A.P.I.): Out of a total of 228 seats in the United Provinces Legislative Assembly, the Congress has so far secured 89, Muslim League 10, Nationalist Muslims 2 and Independent 13.

KIDWAI DEFEATED

Results of polling in Muslim Rural and general rural constituencies of the U.P. Legislative Assembly which were held on March 4 and 5 respectively are pouring in from various centres.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, former Revenue Minister, has suffered another defeat, losing to Mr. Mohammad Shamin (Muslim League) in the Rai Bareli District constituency by 575 votes. Three more seats have fallen to the Muslim League and two seats to Nationalist Muslims. Congress has captured three more general seats.

"MINIATURE BATTLES AT AGRA ELECTIONS

AGRA, March 13. (A.P.I.): Miniature battles with bricks and sticks between Scheduled caste and Congress sympathisers occurred in several places yesterday at the time of polling for General Constituency. The timely intervention of police prevented the situation taking an ugly turn.

SELECT WORKS IN PERSIAN

Osmania Exhibition In Bombay

BOMBAY, March 13 (API): Under the auspices of the University of Bombay, Dr. M. Nizamuddin, Curator of the Compilation and Transiation Bureau and Head of the Department of Persian of the Osmania University, will arrange an exhibition of select works of the Bureau in the Convocation Hall on March 15 and 16.

The exhibition will be open to members of the Senate and other academic persons daily between 6 and 7 p.m. when Dr. Nazimuddin will explain the system of compiling and translating standard works into Indian languages as adopted at the Osmania University.

Assembly Questions

THREE CRUISERS FOR INDIA

Payment May Be Made Out Of Accumulated Sterling

NEW DELHI, March 13 (API): Replying to Mr. Ananthsayanam Ayyangar in the Central Assembly to-day, the War Secretary said that it was intended for the present that the R.I.N. should consist of three cruisers and in addition sloops, corvettes, frigates, trawlers, fleet minesweepers, a survey ship and a number of motor boats and military landing craft. The total strength should be reached during 1948-49.

The Finance Member said payment for the cruisers would be made to H.M.G. out of the accumulated sterling in case the cruiser were purchased.

I.N.P. AND POLITICS

Replying to Choudhry Mohammad Abid Hussain, Sir Akbar Hydari said that the Indian News Parade was authorised to cover all items which might be of interest to the public. Its policy was not to single out any political party for publicity. Indian News Parade issues which featured the visit of the British Parliamentary Delegation contained pictures of the Delegations meeting with a leader of the Muslim League as well as two leaders of the Congress Party. The issue relating to the Simla Conference featured the leaders of all parties and not the Congress only.

PATIALA ELECTED PRO-CHANCELLOR

NEW DELHI March 13, (API): The Maharaja of Patiala was today elected Pro-Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes defeating the Raja of Bilaspur.

LEVANT WANTS SIMULTANEOUS WITHDRAWAL

Sees No Reason Why French Troops Cannot Quit Along With British

LONDON, March 13. (A.P.A.): A Levant official said to-day that he believed Britain would accept the Levant States' proposed request for British troops to remain in the Lebanon as "a safeguard for peace and public order" until French troops are evacuated.

Seeing no reason why it would take until April 1947 to evacuate 4,000 French troops while the British had said they could move their own 20,000 men and equipment by the end of June this year, Faris Al Khoury, Chairman of Syria's United Nations Delegation, told newsmen that a British withdrawal before the French "might cause serious disturbances and lead to undesirable conflicts which may upset future relations between France and the Levant republics."

He said if France insists on taking this length of time, the Levant States will ask British troops to remain also.

"Simultaneous withdrawal is the only way for safeguarding peace and keeping public order in that zone." Al Khoury declared, adding "we do not want the British to leave without the French."

Supported by the Lebanese Minister to London, Camille Chamoun, Al Khoury denied Paris reports that the Levant States had agreed to both the British and French decisions.

Churchill Treading Hitler's Path?

Stalin Indicts Him For "Warmongering"

LONDON, March 13 (Reuter).—Marshal Joseph Stalin has told a correspondent of the Soviet paper "Pravda" that Mr. Winston Churchill's Fulton (Missouri) speech was "dangerous" and "calculated to sow discord and hinder collaboration between Britain and the Soviet Union."

Marshal Stalin was asked: "How do you appraise Mr. Churchill's latest speech made in the United States"?

He answered: "I appraise it as a dangerous act calculated to sow seeds of dissent among the Allied nations and hinder collaboration."

"Mr. Churchill does not stand alone; he has friends not only in Britain but also in the United States. It must be noted that Mr. Churchill and his friends bear a striking resemblance to Hitler and his friends.

Question: "Can it be taken that Mr. Churchill's speech has done harm to the course of peace and security?

Answer: "Certainly. In fact, Mr. Churchill has now adopted the position of a warmonger.

"Hitler started the work of warmongering by proclaiming the racial theory. He declared that only people speaking the German language were a real nation. Mr. Churchill also started his campaign of warmongering with the racial theory, asserting that the English-speaking nations are the only nations of full value and must rule over the remaining nations of the world.

ULTIMATUM TO NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING NATIONS

Generalissimo Stalin added: "Plainly speaking, Mr. Churchill and his friends in Britain and the United States are, in fact, issuing to all non-English speaking nations something in the nature of an ultimatum.

"Recognise willingly our domination— then everything will be all right. If you oppose this, it inevitably means war."

Nations, however, shed their blood in better war for the sake of the freedom and independnce of their countries and not for the sake of exchange of Hitler's rule for the rule of Churchill's.

"I do not know whether Mr. Churchill and his friends will succeed in organising after the Second World War a new Military campaign against Eastern Europe. But, if they succeeded in doing so, which is hardly probable because millions of simple folk stand on guard in the cause of peace, it might certainly be that they will be beaten just as they were beaten in the past—26 years ago.

"It is therefore, quite possible that nations not speaking the English language and representing at the same time a overwhelming majority of the world population would not consent to enter into a new slavery. Mr. Churchill's tragedy lies in the fact that he, as a diehard Tory, does not understand this plain and obvious truth. There can be no doubt that Mr. Churchill's course is a course aimed at war a call for war with the U.S.S.R. It is also clear that this course outlined by Mr. Churchill is incompatible with the existing treaty of alliance between Britain and the U.S.S.R.

ANGLO-SOVIET TREATY A SCRAP OF PAPER

Generalissimo Stalin continued: "It is true that Mr. Churchill, in order to deceive readers, is declaring in passing that the Anglo-Soviet Treaty of Mutual Aid and Collaboration could be prolonged to 50 years. But how is one to reconcile such a statement by Mr. Churchill with the course he has laid aimed at war with the USSR—with his preachings of war on the USSR? It is obvious these things cannot be reconciled, and if Mr. Churchill who is calling for war on the USSR, considers it possible at the same time to prolong the Anglo-Soviet Treaty of 15 years, it means that he considers that Treaty as an empty scrap of paper, necessary only to cover up and disguise his anti-Soviet cause.

"It is, therefore, impossible to treat seriously the false declarations of Mr. Churchill's friends in Britain regarding the extension of the treaty to 50 years and more. The extension of the Treaty is senseless if one of the parties violated the Treaty and turns it into an empty scrap of paper".

Bose Indicts Treasury Benches

(Continued from page 1)

sufficient protection for all and thirdly whether people had faith that justice would be done by the Government.

Mr. Gadgil maintained that the present Government did not stand up to these tests.

What was considered as high patriotism elsewhere was looked upon here as high treason.

Sir Akbar Hydari, Planning and Development Member, said that the information which Government required as early as 1943 to enable them to place orders for capital goods abroad was not forthcoming.

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

Mr. Abdur Rehman Siddiqui (League) urged that Baluchistan should be raised to the status of the rest of the provinces like Sind or the NWFP.

He felt there was room for improvement even before "Lord Pethic Lawrence wields his magic wand and the Leader of the Opposition becomes the Leader of the House."

SARAT BOSE'S INDICTMENT

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Leader of the Opposition, said that since 1942, they found all over the country scarcity of cloth, food and other necessaries of life, inflation to an extent undreamt of, accumulation of sterling balances which were still growing, and want of a proper planning and development policy. "All these are sufficient to convict the Executive Council of inefficiency and the administration of corruption.

POLICE RAJ WITH ITS TORTURE CHAMBERS

Under the patronage of the Government an irresponsible 'Police Raj' had set up dark dungeons and torture chambers in many places, the worst of them in Delhi and Lahore forts. Men like Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar, Jai Prakash Narain, Ram Manohar Lohia, Lal Shanker Lal, Satyaranjan Bakshi and hundreds of others were subjected to third degree methods (cries of "Shame, Shame."

He characterised references to a change of Government as loose, irresponsible talk. "While they talk of the coming change of power, recruitment to the I.C.S. and the Indian Police Service continues."

TENTACLES SPREAD TO ARMED & CIVIL SERVICES

The tentacles of the 'Police Raj' extended to the Army, Navy and Air Force and the Civil Service. He quoted a letter said to have been written on Feb. 3 by the Director of Intelligence which said among other things that an applicant known to have taken part in subversive or illegal anti-Government activities would normally be rejected provided that in the interval he had not given positive evidence of a change of attitude. If a police report indicated that there was nothing known against the applicant himself but he was closely related to or connected with a person who had taken part in subversive or anti-Government activities, the case would be examined on merits. A recommendation for rejection would normally be made if there was reason to believe that the applicant had himself become tainted with the views of his relatives or close friends.

The letter concluded by saying that when a person in service was dismissed as a result of an adverse police report or subsequent political activities, the following should be informed as early as possible: the Superintendent of Police of the individual's home District: The Superintendent of Police in whose District the individual's unit was located, and the departments concerned in the Army, Navy and Air Force.

This irresponsible and irrepressible 'Police Raj' was one of the gifts to this country by members of the Executive Council, said Mr. Bose. That was not all. The House had been told recently many a time by some members on the Treasury benches and by one or two of their secretaries that everything was being done for the release and repatriation of I.N.A. officers and men and I.N.A. civilian personnel in Burma.

CASE OF LT. COL. CHATTERJEE

Two letters, copies of which had fallen into his hands, gave a different picture. One, dated Feb. 5 and purported to be written from Calcutta by the General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Eastern Command, to the Chief of General Staff, G.H.Q., New Delhi.

It read: "These Headquarters are concerned at the probable return to Bengal in the near future of Lt. Col. A. C. Chatterjee, I.M.S. This officer had very considerable influence in this Province and apart from his official status as Director of Public Health in Bengal before the war and his personal contacts with leaders of political strife, he was appointed by Babu Subhas Bose as the Governor-designate of the Liberated countries."

HE WOULD HAVE BEEN GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IF.....

"Had Bengal been invaded and captured, he would have been Governor of Bengal. This alone would give him a popular support second only to Babu Subhas Chandra Bose himself. His return at this juncture would revive excitement and enthusiasm in the I.N.A., which at present is showing a tendency to switch to other forms of political propaganda such as cloth shortage, famine, release of political prisoners and detenus and even defence of the Maharaja of Rewa.

"It is understood that the Intelligence Branch, C.I.D., Bengal, may petition the Government of Bengal to pass orders for the detention under Regulation 3 of Lt.-Col. Chatterjee on his release."

SOME HOPE

"It is not known what the reaction of the Government of India will be to such a request. The holding of this officer for two or three months in Military custody would tide over a difficult period at the end of which it is hoped the popularity of the I.N.A. will have been further reduced" (laughter).

The letter went on, "it is suggested, therefore, that Lt. Col. Chatterjee should be kept in military custody outside India or failing that, in custody in India outside this Command for as long as possible, and at any rate till at least one month after the Provincial elections."

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose asked: "What becomes of the statements which have been made time and again on the floor of the House by members opposite that in the case of those officers against whom no atrocity or brutality is alleged steps are being taken for their early release?

SUSPECTS "WOULD BE BETTER OUTSIDE INDIA"

The third letter, dated Feb. 12, 1946 and purported to be signed by the Chief of General Staff, General Headquarters, India, New Delhi, and addressed to Headquarters, Allied Forces, SEAC, read: "The Government of India's views on the principles governing repatriation of Indian civilians were communicated to Headquarters last October.

"You have presumably received instructions accordingly from the latter. Briefly, these views are that individuals reasonably suspected or confirmed to have collaborated with the enemy during the occupation would be better outside India for the present and should be given no official assistance to return. But their eventual return under their own arrangements would not be resisted except in the case of a few individuals."

The names of these individuals, said the letter, were contained in a short list about to be sent by the Government of India in the Home Department. Non-suspects might return at any time and there was no objection to their being repatriated under Government auspices. Prior warning of the arrival of suspects, with all available information about their cases, should be sent to the Provincial Governments concerned and to the Central Government. All information and reference on the subject of Indian civilian repatriation should be addressed to the Government of India in the Home Department, and also, if considered desirable, to the Director, Intelligence Bureau, Home Department, Government of India."

Mr. Bose said that the three documents which he had read convicted Government of irresponsibility—he would not use the word dishonesty.

WE OWE THEM NAUGHT

"I believe I have satisfied the House that the record of Members opposite is dark; it cannot be darker. In these circumstances, I submit that we do not owe to Members of the Executive Council one farthing out of our revenues (Hear, hear); we do not owe them our confidence. I am not sure that we we them even the common courtesies of life." (Cheers).

GOVERNMENT APOLOGIA

Sir Edward Benthall, Leader of the House, speaking amidst repeated interruptions, said that the record of the Government during the most critical years that India had ever faced was something to be proud of (Cheers from official benches and cries of "A shameful one" from the Opposition). "I am glad to have this opportunity, the last opportunity that I shall have, in a debate of this sort in this House, to pay a tribute to my colleagues, and particularly to my Indian colleagues on the front bench (Cheers and counter-cries of 'Oh! Oh!').

BENTHALL'S BOAST

"Who won the war? The Congress or the Treasury benches?" asked Sir Edward.

A Voice: You lost the war.

Sir Edward said that the present Government, especially his Indian colleagues, had kept their courage throughout the darkest days of the war. They stood firm and did the country well at a time when other people were stabbing soldiers in the back (Cries of Oh! Oh!).

At the present moment the Government was in a particularly difficult position, trying to maintain an active administration at a time when they were also doing their best to prepare the ground for handing over to another administration.

The cut was passed without a division.

The House took up Muslim League cuts. The first cut was moved by Mr. Ahmed Jaffer to discuss "the paucity of Muslims in different departments in the officers and ministerial grades, non-appointment of Muslims in key posts and retrenchment of Muslims where they are less than 25 per cent."

Mr. Sriprakasa (Congress) expressed sympathy with and supported the Muslim demand. Their grievances in this matter should be met, he said, particularly after Mr. A. R. Siddiqui's statement the other day that the chief trouble in India related to a proper distribution of services among the various communities.

"But", Mr. Sriprakasa went on "I should like Muslims to think of the danger that underlies their demand lest they and others be satisfied with service of Government and lose sight of rulership which all Indians desire. I have always advocated Europeanisation of services under present conditions (Laughter) so that European officers can bring European sweepers, scavengers and boot polishers to serve them instead of our serving them in these ways. (More laughter). Our people will then know that there were sweepers and boot polishers among Europeans also and not all Europeans were Sahebs."

Mr. Habibur Rahman supported the cut.

The debate had not concluded when the Assembly adjourned till tomorrow.

LEAGUER RETURNED TO BIHAR ASSEMBLY

MONGHYR, March 12 (A. P. I.): Nawab Chowdhary Nazrul Hasan Muslim League—Sitting Member) has been declared elected to the Bihar Legislative Assembly from North Monghyr Muslim Rural constituency by defeating his rival Nawabzada Sahabuddin Ahmad Khan (Jamiat-ul-Ulema Party) by securing 3,414 votes against 1,399. Eight votes were rejected.

MADRAS, March 12, (O. P. I.): It is officially stated through facts and figures that Madras Presidency was second only to Punjab among the provinces and States of India in providing the largest number of recruits to the Indian Defence Services from September 1939 to the end of war.

Intolerable Insult To Honour Of India

NEW DELHI, March 13.

"The measure of the failure of the Government of India to protect Indian nationals in South Africa is a measure of utter weakness in facing a problem which is of vital importance not only to South Africa, but to the whole Indian nation", observed Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, prior to her departure to Bombay, commenting on the South African Indian situation. Mrs. Naidu said: "To acquiesce tamely in such a monstrous piece of legislation which reduces the Indian population to a level almost below the Negro population is to acquiesce in an intolerable insult to the honour of India herself".

"Unless the Round Table Conference suggested between the Government of India and the Government of South Africa is soon brought about, the consequences might be more disastrous than the Government of India is able to realise. The people of India will not submit as quietly as the Government of India seems to do to this insult to India's position, nor accept the doom which threatens a vast section of her own nationals in South Africa. Indians by virtue of the work done by their forefathers in establishing the prosperity, especially of Natal, for the White population, as also in their own right are as much as integral part of the South African nation as Field Marshal Smuts who, violating his own convictions and pledges, is now planning a great betrayal of human rights".

Mrs. Naidu has twice visited South Africa and has intimate knowledge of conditions there. She was in the Deputation which met the Viceroy yesterday.

Red Troops March On Teheran

(Continued from page 1)

British Note of March 3 on the withdrawal of Soviet troops from Persia and he had instructed the British Charge D'Affaires in Moscow to ask M. Vyacheslav Molotov, the Soviet Commissar for Foreign Affairs, for an early reply.

Mr. Clement Attlee, the British Prime Minister, asked whether he would take the initiative in suggesting an early meeting of the "Big Three", replied: "I am ready to adopt any means likely to improve relationships between the Great Powers, but I cannot commit myself any further at present."

The Persian Prime Minister, M. Ghavam Es Sultaneh, has announced that his Government will continue to function without the Parliament whose term ended yesterday.

NO REPLY TO U. S. NOTE

WASHINGTON, March 12. (Reuter): The United States State Department at a late hour tonight flatly denied having received any Soviet reply to the most recent United States note of protest to Russia regarding the alleged removal of heavy industrial equipment from Manchuria by Soviet authorities.

This echoed the statement made by Mr. James Byrnes United States Secretary of State earlier today that a reply had been received to earlier "milder" note on the same subject despatched on February 9, not the stronger one handed to the Soviet Commissariat for Foreign Affairs on March 9.

The report that Soviet troops with combat equipment and tanks are moving southwards through Tabriz in North Persia should be interpreted with extreme caution, until more specific details indicating the location of these troops is given, writes Jon Kimche, Reuter's Correspondent, who recently visited Persia.

The towns so far mentioned are all within the recent Soviet zone of occupation.

In particular, the report that troops are moving westward is a cause for strong scepticism, as roads from Tabriz to both the Turkish and Iraq borders are abominable and totally snowbound at present. They lead only into the wildest mountains and at the best of times strategically dead areas of Turkey and Iraq.

One can understand infiltration and gunrunning for local tribes in this frontier zone but movement of troops with tanks seems extremely unlikely.

There is only one road on which serious troop movements would be practicable. This is the main Teheran-Bagdad road which leads through Kazvin, the nearest Soviet post of importance to Teheran.

To move along this road Russians would have to occupy the large cities of Hamadanvand Kermanshah with populations of 100,000 and 90,000 respectively. Such a move would be tantamount to the occupation of Persia and would require a very large number of troops and there is no sign of anything of the kind happening.

"TROOP MOVEMENT"

It remains to be seen anyhow whether this supposed troop movement is more than a routine exchange of troops now that the season is about to change and special winter equipment may be about to be replaced. From what I saw of the Russian equipment at the border station at Kazvin last December, it could, by no stretch of imagination be described as seriously offensive. Troops were armed with tommyguns and there were a few—very few—very old armoured cars fitted with nothing heavier than heavy machine-guns.

A suggestion has been made that this movement is directed against Turkey. There is, however, no single point on the Turkish-Persian border that lends itself for concentration and deployment of troops against Turkey.

The only point in Eastern Turkey where this is practicable is along the road to Kars, the disputed town near Turkey and Soviet-Armenian border.

TOWARDS MILITARY DICTATORSHIP?

One other possibility can be considered. There may be disturbances in the capital. The Prime Minister may not be certain of the Persian Army, since it is officered by men generally hostile to the Left and who have been trained mainly in Germany. The Persian Army numbers about 90,000 men and is an important factor in internal politics. It might seek to get rid of the Ghavam regime and establish military dictatorship.

Under such circumstances, Russians might intervene to assist M. Ghavam at his request. For such a possibility, they may be reinforcing their garrison at Kazvin which hitherto has not been very strong. From Kazvin it is about five hours by road to Teheran along an uncompleted road which makes speed impossible and across bleak steppe country about 5,000 feet above sea level.

WAS IT HATCHED IN MOSCOW?

LONDON, March 13, (U.P.A.): Diplomatic observers today saw in the Russian military demonstration in Iran as a go-ahead signal for pro-Communist elements to seize control of the Teheran Government.

The gravity with which the British Government viewed the situation was apparent from the complete official silence.

The seriousness of the situation from the British point of view is accented by Teheran reports that Premier Quavam-es-Saltaneh was told in Moscow that "it is the British and not the Russians are fighting in your country."

The possibility that the Russian plan of action was set up during Quavam's Moscow visit is not overlooked here. The Daily Telegraph said Ghavam told a secret Majlis session that Russia has promised the evacuation of Iran in the near future. The report did not say what Quavam promised in return.

Turkish Embassy sources in London said they were "most anxious" concerning reports of renewed Russian activity in the Turko-Russian border area.

NO NEW NOTE TO SOVIET

LONDON, March 13, (Reuter): The report that a new note to the Soviet Government on the subject of Persia is on its way to Moscow was officially denied in London tonight.

As is already known, the British Charges D'Affairs, Mr. Frank Roberts was asked some days ago to request the Soviet Government reply to the Note of the British Government of March 3.

Five Killed In Chunar Fort Explosion

BENARES, March 13. (A.P.I.): One sentry and four civilians were killed, it is reliably learnt when a serious explosion took place in the Chunar fort—a distance of 28 miles from Benares—on March 10. Due to the intensity of the explosion the victims flesh and bones were thrown away from the Fort and the effect was felt in an area of a radius of about two hundred yards.

The cause of the explosion is not yet known.

AWARI MEETS SARDAR

BOMBAY, March 13. (A.P.I.): General Awari who arrived in Bombay this morning from Nagpur saw Sardar Valabhbhai Patel tonight and had a long talk with him.

It is learnt that General Awari will meet Maulana Azad the Congress President tomorrow morning and after his talk with the Congress President, it is likely that he will place his case before the Congress Working Committee.

Chang's Charge Against Communist Forces

CHUNGKING, March 12. (Reuter): Mr. Chang Chih-chung, head of the Political Affairs Department of the National Military Council and Government representative on the military sub-committee which worked out a formula for reorganisation of the Chinese Army and merger of the Communist and Nationalist forces, told the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang, this evening, that since the cease-fire deadline on January 13, Communists had launched 220 attacks against Nationalist positions in North China.

Mr. Chang Chih-chung quoting reports from General Cheng Cgeimin said that since cease-fire the Communists had taken over 13 counties and maintained a blockade in 25 areas.

Mr. Chung, who was most hopeful of eventual unity said the fate of the country depended on faithful implementation by both sides of the decisions of the recent political consultative council.

I. C. S. MAN TO BE ATTACHED TO CABINET MISSION

NEW DELHI, March 13, (API): Mr. T. L. Crosthwait, I C S, Deputy Secretary Reforms Secretariat, will be attached to the Cabinet mission as special officer in charge of arrangements connected with the stay of the ministers in Delhi.

UNION GOVT.'s ASIATIC BILL

Will Provide Two Indian Community Representatives In Natal Provincial Council

CAPETOWN, March 13. (A.P.A.) The Union Government's Asiatic Bill, which Prime Minister Field Marchal Jan Christian Smuts is to introduce Friday, will provide for two Indian community representatives in the Provincial Council of Natal but none for that of Transvaal, it was learned today.

Natal representatives may be either European or Indian. It is understood that some 40,000 Indians will qualify as voters in Natal compared with some 4,000 to 6,000 in Transvaal.

For Parliamentary elections under the Bill, Transvaal and Natal would be combined and delimited into three constituencies, each of which would return a European representative to the Union Assembly. The South Africa Act provides that Union Parliament members must be Europeans.

Indians would return one representative to the Senate while the Government will nominate another.

Sales Tax Bill

The Bombay Sales Tax Bill, 1946, has been enacted and all its provisions have been brought into force, from March 8. It has already been announced that actual liability to this taxation will commence from July 1, 1946; and a notification to this effect, under section 5 of the Act, will shortly be issued. Meanwhile, draft Rules under the Act have been published in an Extraordinary issue of the "Bombay Government Gazette" dated March 8, for public criticism and comment and these Rules will be taken into consideration by the Government on or after March 23. suggestions or objections regarding the Rules should be sent to the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Finance Department, before that date.

NATIONALIST MUSLIM DECLARED ELECTED

MEERUT, March 12 (A. P. I.): Choudhry Lutafali (Nationalist) was declared elected from the Muslim Rural East constituency by 7,949 votes defeating Khan Saheb Rashid Ahmed (Muslim League) who polled 5,789 votes. Two candidates, Ghaznafar Hussain and Jan Muhamad forfeited their securities.

Nawab Sir Pamshed Ali Khan (Muslim League) was declared elected today by 6,150 votes from the Muslim Rural West Constituency defeating Choudhry Aftab Ali (Congress) who polled 4,705 votes.

CAWNPORE SITUATION IMPROVES

CAWNPORE, March 13. (API): A tour round the city especially of the areas worst affected by yesterday's rioting showed that the situation has considerably improved, though the shops in the main business centres are still closed owing to panic. Only a few shops here and there were found open. The local educational institutions are partially closed today.

As the number of qualified Sanitary Inspectors available in the Province is insufficient to meet the requirements of the Government and of local bodies, and for work in rural areas, the Government of Bombay has decided to open two more classes, one at Poona and the other at Ahmedabad where special training will be given. There will be two sessions every year, each lasting five months and 50 students will be trained each session.

FURTHER CUT IN NEWSPRINT QUOTA

Some Periodicals To Shift To Swadeshi Paper

NEW DELHI, March 12 (A.P.I.): The newsprint position has for some time been a matter of anxiety for the Government of India, says a press note. Far from improving with the return of peace, it has deteriorated considerably since the end of the year 1945. A meeting of the Newsprint Advisory Committee will be held on Thursday, March 14, 1946 to consider the question of conserving existing and prospective supplies to the best advantage.

The present shortage in this country is a consequence of decontrol of this variety of paper in the U.S.A. and Canada following the cessation of hostilities.

Until the 31st of December 1945, newsprint supplies were allocated by the Combined Pulp and Paper Working (London) Group of the Combined Raw Materials Board, and India was able to obtain a quota of Canadian newsprint for 1945. The Combined Raw Materials Board was dissolved on December 31, 1945, and with its dissolution, newsprint ceased to be controlled by any Government Agency either in Scandinavia or in Canada, the only two surplus regions in the world. One consequence of decontrol is that long-term contracts held by non-Indian newspapers which were virtually under suspension as a result of wartime controls, have now come into play, and this demand now vastly exceeds supplies. Most Indian newspapers and magazines have no long-term arrangements for their supplies and purchase newsprint from time to time from importers holding stocks. India has therefore had to enter the newsprint market at a considerable disadvantage.

The Government of India are endeavouring through their Agent-General and the India Supply Mission at Washington to secure the minimum requirements of Indian publishers. Efforts are also being made to secure supplies from the United Kingdom and Scandinavia. Meanwhile, the position is one of growing concern and far from relaxing the existing control, Government may be forced to reduce severely the consumption of newsprint. It is anticipated that supplies during the next few months will be considerably below the level of consumption of last year and that therefore it may be necessary not only to reduce the monthly consumption of each newspaper and periodical now holding a quota but also to investigate whether some magazines and periodicals cannot be shifted from the use of newsprint to Indian-made printing paper.

It should be emphasised that though the indigenous production of paper has gone up slightly over pre-war years, the total availability is less at present on account of the fall in imports. The use of printing paper for some periodicals now using newsprint is therefore likely to strain the supply position of Indian paper. This aspect of the matter is also engaging the attention of the Government of India.

Sir Chandulal Trivedi, Governor-designate of Orissa was felicitated by Modh Brahmin community on Monday when Mr. M. M. Bhatt presided and is seen addressing the gathering. Sir Chandulal can be seen sitting on his right.

Mr. Rameshchandra M. Engineer, B.Sc. (Hons.) sailed for America, to join the Michigan University for further study in Civil Engineering. He is the grand son of Sheth Kahandas Manchharam.

Corporation: Congressmen Elected Unopposed

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

To fill up the three seats in the Bombay Municipal Corporation rendered vacant by the resignations of Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal, Mr. M. R. Masani and Mr. Ratilal Gandhi, the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee had selected Mr. B. A. Dalal, Mr. Nathalal D. Parikh and Mr. Shivaji Dongre to contest the bye-elections.

To-day was the last day for filing nominations papers. As there were no other candidates in the field the Congress nominees will be declared duly elected.

THE BOMBAY AGRI-HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY

The Society came into existence on 1st June 1944, with the dissolution of the Vegetable, Fruit and Flower Show Committee, and within a short period of more than a year it has done quite well. It owes much of its success to its president.

The organisation gave considerable help to members as well as the public to grow more food. Garden requisites such as seeds, plants, bulbs etc. were supplied at concessional rates. Besides free technical advice were made available.

While theis work continues a scheme is afoot to have Society's garden and nursery to conduct experiments. A Sub-Committee has also been appointed to arrange "Seasonal Vegetable and Flower Show".

The Society hopes to go on better during the current year with the hearty co-operation of members and the public alike.

LORRY OWNER KILLED WITH BAMBOO HITS

BOMBAY Tuesday.

A dispute near the J. J. Hospital junction this afternoon between two lorry owners culminated in the death of one of the parties

It is learnt that Mahomed Hussain (37), a lorry owner, was walking near the J. J. Hospital Junction when he came face to face with the suspect. There was a brief dispute concerning their business, and the suspect is alleged to have broke open the skull of the deceased with a big bamboo he was carrying. Death was instantaneous. The suspect is absconding.

INDUSTRIAL CO-OPERATIVE TRAINING CLASSES

The Industrial Co-operatives Organising Committee, Bombay, is starting a course for training organisers of industrial co-operatives. The classes will start on 25th instant at Bombay. The course will last 10 weeks—6 weeks class work in Bombay and 4 weeks field work at Honavar. It will be a full-time course. Lectures will be held in English. Preference will be given to artisans and village workers. Students will be chosen from each district of Bombay Province. A fee of Rs. 50/- will be charged from students. Those who enter into an agreement with the committee to become organisers in their districts will be exempted. Candidates wishing to join the course and hailing from Gujarat should write to Shri Mridulaben Sarabhai, Post Office Shahibag, Ahmedabad, those from Maharashtra should apply to Mr. S. G. Shende, A.I.V.I.A., Congress Bhuvan, Poona, 5; and those from Karnatak should apply to Mr. S. K. Kallapur, Honavar, (North Karnatak).

B.E.S.T. WORKERS TO HONOUR VICTIMISED COMRADES

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A general meeting of the B.E.S.T. Workers' Union was held at Jinnah Hall yesterday when Mr. Abid Ali Jaferbhai, presided.

The award of Mr. Justice Chagla in the dispute between the Company and the employees was explained to the workers by the General Secretary.

The President gave an account of the strike of April 19, 1945, as a result of which nearly 47 workers were victimised by the Company by dismissing or suspending them. The President referred to the graceful act of the Company in realising its mistakes and reinstating the workers.

The meeting decided to honour and welcome the brave reinstated workers tomorrow (Thursday) at the Colaba Depot at 2 p.m.

Telephone Workers' Strike Postponed

The Vice-President, Telephone Workers' Union District and Workshops (I.P. & T. Dept.) writes:—

An article appeared in your issue of the 10th instant under the caption "Telephone Strike Impending" conflicting statements appear almost daily as to whether or not the Postal and Telegraph Unions have withdrawn their strike notices. The strike of the telephone workers has only been postponed and the notice for such will not be withdrawn unless the workers are satisfied. The reason for postponement was the sudden summoning to Delhi of the Union representatives with a view to redressing the grievances as early as possible.

The General Manager of the Bombay District says that should the strike materialize. "It is very unlikely, that service will be made available to other than Government and essential services". We workers have and are working not only for the Government and essential services but for the general public, on whom we depend to earn our daily bread, which we have practically been denied so far by the Government. The public should be allowed the use of the phones. The telephone system being automatic, the public can take their equal chances along with the Government and essential services.

While national leaders are denouncing strikes we believe we understand the type of strikes they mean. The communication system in Bombay has been built by the sweat of our brows and black brown as we are, we understand that it is foolish to cut your nose to spite your face.

We are sworn to it that we shall not resort to sabotage but observe perfect discipline and non-violence.

When we have already gained public sympathy for our strained and starving conditions, the General Manager of the Bombay Telephones should not try to antagonise the public against the employees by publishing hints that we are irresponsible in our duties as public utility servants.

During the strike, if it does come, the General Public Telephone lines should not be cut out of service but given equal chances of being used as the Government lines and essential services.

Osmani University Publications Exhibition

Under the auspices of the University of Bombay, Dr. M. Nizamuddin, Curator, Compilation and Translation Bureau, Head of the Department of Persian, Osmania University, Hyderabad (Dn.), will arrange an exhibition of select works of the Bureau in the Convocaton Hall on the 15th and 16th instant.

The exhibition will be open to members of the Senate and other academic persons on both these days between 6 and 7 p.m., when the Curator will explain the system of compiling and translating standard works into one of the principle languages of India—particularly Urdu—adopted at the Osmania University.

ANOTHER COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING FOR PROVINCE

The Government of Bombay proposes to open a second College of Engineering in the Province and has appointed the following Committee to investigate the preliminary details and advise the Government on its location and other matters:

Sir Ardeshir Dalal (Chairman), Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, Seth Ambalal Sarabhai, Mr. Neville Wadia, the Director of Public Instruction and the Principal of Poona College of Engineering (Secretary).

The Committee has been asked to submit its report to the Government not later than May 1. It will hold its first meeting on March 14.

PUNJAB LEAGUE OUT FOR A FIGHT

No-Confidence Motion To Be Tabled Against Ministry At Budget Session

(From Our Correspondent)

LAHORE, March 12.—For the first time in the history of the Punjab, the Congress has assumed the responsibility of office. League Circles are very much upset and intend moving a no-confidence motion at the forthcoming Budget session of the Assembly which, I understand, will be fixed for March 22.

The Nawab of Mamdot, leader of the League Party has asked the Punjab Premier to fix a non-official day during the Budget session. From enquiries made in official circles, it can be stated that no non-official day is required because during the Budget discussion, members of the legislature are at liberty to discuss what they want against the Government in power.

BONUS TO SHAREHOLDER EMPLOYEES

Assessee Company Succeeds

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Kania)

The Loyal Motor Service Co., Ltd., Poona .. Assessees.

vs.

The Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay.

The assessees were a private limited company formed by several owners of motor vehicles that used to ply for passenger transport in Poona district who combined and made over their vehicles to the company in consideration of shares of equivalent value. Thirteen of its employees were erstwhile owners of motor vehicles and shareholders in the company. In the assessment year 1943-44, the assessee company claimed a deduction of Rs. 4,130/- being the total amount of bonus paid to these shareholder employees under section 10 (2) (x) of the Income-tax Act which allows a deduction in respect of "any sum paid to an employee as bonus—where such sum would not have been payable to him as profits or dividend if it had not been paid as bonus...." Disallowing the deduction the Income-Tax Tribunal held that the expression "such sum" in section 10 (2) (x) referred to the character of payment like the one in this case, rather than to the quantum.

On a Reference to the High Court, their Lordship held that there was nothing to show that this exact sum would have been payable to the shareholder employees as dividend if it had not been paid to them as bonus. Their Lordships therefore held that it was allowable as deduction under Section 10 (2) (30) and answered the question referred to them in favour of the assessee company.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga instructed by Messrs. Nand Hormusji and Co., appeared for the assessee company.

Mr. M. C. Setalvad instructed by Mr. D. H. Nanavati, Solicitor to the Income-tax Department at Bombay, appeared for the Commissioner of Income-tax.

RATINGS' STRIKE SPONTANEOUS

Mrs. Asaf Ali's Report To Azad

NEW DELHI, March 12. (U.P.I.): Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali, when asked why she was summoned by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, to Delhi, said that the Maulana wanted an eye-witness report of the R.I.N. strike and the subsequent happenings in Bombay and elsewhere. She gave him an account of the incidents as she knew them.

She said: "I told him (Maulana Azad) that the ratings' strike was spontaneous. In seeking redress of their grievances, by resorting to strike and wanting Congress intervention, they may have overstepped conventions and regulations governing armed services. But in view of the problems connected with war to peacetime transition in the Service and the disturbed political atmosphere, the Authorities would have been well-advised to take advantage of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's role as mediator and not to come out with provocative action. However, I understand that the Congress President has asked the Congress Representatives on the Defence Consultative Committee to see that no vindictive action is taken. Further I hope that only such technical steps will be taken as may be necessary to satisfy regulation formalities'."

She added: "The Navy of a free India, with its own Government, would not have the occasion to resort to a mutiny for the removal of service grievances and racial discrimination".

GANDHIJI'S NEW WEEKLY

AHMEDABAD, March 13 (A.P.I.): Under Mahatma Gandhi's instruction, Mr. Jivanji Desai, Manager of the Navjivan Press, has decided to publish "Harijan Sevak" in Hindustani language with Urdu script. He has filed the necessary declaration before a Magistrate.

Lehmann Resigns From U. N. R. R. A.

WASHINGTON, March 13, (A.P.I.): Herbert Lehmann announced to-day his resignation as Director-General of the United Nations Relief and rehabilitation Administration for health reasons.

Lehmann published a letter to the U.N.R.R.A. Central Committee for submission to the Council meeting at Atlantic City on Friday asking the Council to choose a successor.

"Ever since December 1942, when at the call of President Roosevelt I resigned as Governor of New York State in order to undertake the task of planning and organising world-wide relief which lay ahead, I have devoted myself exclusively to this task," Lehmann wrote.

"I had hoped to remain with this work throughout the life of U. N. R. R. A. and until a continuing part of the programme had been entrusted to some other permanent organisation," he said. "Unfortunately, however, I feel I must finally accept the advce of my physician who for many months has urged me to take a much-needed rest."

Britain Perturbed Over Fascist Activities

LONDON, March 13 (A.P.A.): The Lord Chancellor, Lord Jowitt, said last night that Britain's Labour Government was taking "very serious notice" of revived Fascist activities in the United Kingdom.

GERMANS THREATEN "CIVIL WAR"

BERLIN, March, 12, (U. P. A.): Germans are threatening to start a civil war.

The threat is made by leaders of the German Communist and Socialist parties which have merged into the "United Socialist Party."

A statement drawn up by a joint Social-Communist Committee says that the combined parties will fight reactionary forces with "force and civil war" if necessary.

It is the most strongly worded statement by any German political group since the capitulation.

This warning is added, "The United Socialist Party intends to use the democratic road to secure socialism but it will apply revolutionary means if the capitalistic class leaves the democratic basis.

GHAUS' GREAT VICTORY OVER NARENDRA NATH

Mixed Title For Irshad Hussain And Mrs. Allen

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

In the final of men's singles, Ghaus gave a brilliant display of a variety of strokes and aided by his superior court-craft accounted for Narendra Nath who had once beaten him this season. The Champion was playing like the No. 1 that he is and won a well merited victory over his youthful opponent.

Ghaus varied his length and pace throughout and sometimes tempted Narendra Nath to charge to the nets. But the latter conscious of his inability to continue the fight from close quarters, refused to be led into the trap and the match resolved itself largely into a baseline duel with Ghaus occassionally charging the nets in anticipation of weak return.

Narendra Nath was down 3-5 in the first set but with determination he drew level at 5 surviving two set points in the process. Ghaus went evenly until seven all was called and then Ghaus bracing himself with a will won both the next two games to bag the set.

In the next set Ghaus forged into an early lead and maintained it throughout.

Narendra's was a very sturdy display and his refusal to be beaten earned him many a point when he was in a tight corner.

In the final of the mixed event Irshad Hussein once again won the championship, this time in partnership with Mrs. Allen. Misra, however, was again an outstanding figure and brought off several spectacular finishes. Mrs. Allen rendered her partner invaluable assistance and due credit must be given to her for facing the terrific attack of Misra. If she had not played as well as she did, there might have been a different tale to tell. Misra and Miss Merchant survived four set points in the first set and then two off Irshad Hussein's service and drew level at 5 all before relinquishing the set at 8-6. In the next set they excelled themselves and survived 5 match points before going down 6-4.

In the junior's singles final as was generally anticipated Kumar proved too much for his opponent and won the match in straight sets.

The following are the results:

Men's Singles Final—Ghaus Mohammad beat Narendra Nath 9-7, 6-4

Mixed doubles final—Mrs. Allen and Irshad Hussein beat Miss Merchant and Suman Misra 8-6, 6-4. Junior's Singles final N. Kumar beat R. D. Desai 6-2, 6-4.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAV. CO., LTD.

BOMBAY-PANJIM SERVICE.

Intending passengers are requested to note that the sailing on the above line for Friday, the 15th instant is CANCELLED.

TEXTILE MILLS

Look Sharp

An old well-established firm with best references is desirous of extending trade relations with textile mills all over India, as authorised store purchasers in Bombay for all requisites of mills on moderate terms. Please apply P.O.B. 1070, Bombay.

Sandu HEARTINA

BEST HEART TONIC.

Specially indicated in palpitation, tachycardia, breathlessness, angina pectoris, high blood pressure and functional disorders of the heart

Manufacturers of:-

ORIGINAL BRAHMI OIL

D. K. SANDU BROS. CHEMBUR Ltd.

Mfg. Chemists & Druggists, CHEMBUR, BOMBAY.

Bombay Branches: Thakurdwar Kalbadevi, Parel, Dadar

Phone 5078 We MANUFACTURE Tele:—"STRAINERS"

OIL EXPELLERS

SOLLER, STANDARD & ANDERSON TYPES

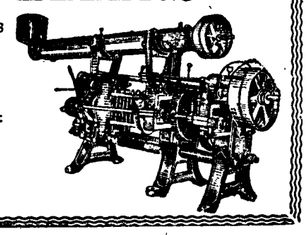
Best in quality and Cheapest in Price

Also spare parts for every make of expellers.

For Free Catalogue, please write to:

THE PUNJAB OIL EXPELLER CO.,

Brandreth Road, LAHORE.



W. R. TALWALKER

LENTIN CHAMBERS

Phone 30367 DALAL STREET, FORT,

Grams: PUMPENAMEL BOMBAY.

Ask For:—

All kinds of KIRLOSKAR PLOUGHS and other Agricultural Farm Implements, Bullock and Power Sugarcane Crushers, Groundnut Decorticators, Circular Chaff Cutters, etc., etc.,

BRITEX
LAMPS and STOVES have now clearly established their superiority over imported products. The guarantee slip is an assurance of perfection
P.D.P.7

DAZZLE PRODUCTS LIMITED

42/1, CHETLA ROAD, ALIPORE, CALCUTTA.

Bombay Agents: Messrs. R. SHANTILAL & CO.

65, Kitchen Garden Road, off Mangaldas Road, Bombay 2.

OLD ESTABLISHED & SAFEST BANK IN INDIA IS

The Jwala Bank Ltd.,

BOMBAY BR. Hornby Road (above Messrs. Kemp & Co. Chemists)

POONA Br. Library Building, Camp.

HEAD OFFICE:— Mall Agra. Estd. in 1923

Branches:— ALL OVER INDIA

which speaks from the following facts and figures of their last balance sheet:—

PUBLIC LIABILITIES

DEPOSITS IN ALL ABOUT Rs. 98,00,000

ASSETS.

All investments in cash and Gilt Edged Securities and fully secured advances Rs. 1,08,39,000

SURPLUS ASSETS FOR SHAREHOLDERS AGAINST PAID-UP CAPITAL Rs. 13,32,000/- ONLY.

DIFFERENCE OF ABOVE	12,60,000
UNSECURED LOANS	2,30,000
BUILDINGS (Calculating 4 times than pre-war)	8,00,000
FURNITURE (Calculating 4 times than pre-war)	6,00,000
MACHINERY, FANS, etc. (Calculating 4 times than (pre-war)	2,32,000
	32,22,000

INCOME

Future safety of business houses, Banks or Firms depends on the ratio of income they happen to make only and not otherwise. This Bank has in all, including Capital, Reserves and Deposits, one crore fifteen lacs and twelve thousand (Rs. 1,15,12,000/-) on which this year incomes are Rs 6,72,000/ i.e. 6% per annum on working capital

SPECIAL NOTES.

Considering small liabilities to the public, surplus assets, advances about all in Gilt Edged Securities and earnings thereon 6% p. a. unsecured advances and due to other Banks very very little, this Bank is said to be the safest Bank in India if the sensible public happen to compare

Passing on GENERATION TO GENERATION!

IDEAL INK FOR ALL FOUNTAIN PENS

Bagchi's Ideal fountain pen ink has colourful tradition of three generations. Throughout this long time it has never failed to register high appreciation of its consumers

P. M. BAGCHI & CO., LTD.

CALCUTTA. BOMBAY.

pmb

Narrow Price Movement On Stock Exchange

OLD BULLS UNLOAD ON NEW BUYERS

Bullion Market Quiet With Decreasing Demand

Bombay, March 13.

The local Share Bazar opened steady to-day and under moderate turnover quotations fluctuated within a narrow range. Trading was of a mixed character. There was as usual professional support and active buying in highly speculative shares but outsiders were cautious owing to coming holidays. There was some realising in Bombay Dyeing shares but Kohinoors were very steady. Steel shares also made further progress but the improvement was checked to some extent by realising sales. There is less desire to buy at present as the market is entitled to a natural reaction Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened at Rs. 3010 and advanced to Rs. 3025 on professional support but reacted at Rs. 3020, Ordinary shares opened at Rs 541 and rose to Rs. 548 and steadied at Rs. 545, Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 2500 and d clined to Rs. 2482 while Kohinoors opened at Rs. 860 and advanced to Rs. 870.

Thereafter there was moderate buying as realising sales were soon absorbed and the upward move was resumed. Tata Steel Dfds. were actively supported and hardened at Rs. 3025 while Ordinary Shares grinded around Rs. 545. Bombay Dyeings recovered to the opening level of Rs. 2500 and Kohinoors further improved at Rs. 876. Towards the close the market was somewhat hesitant and no further improvement was made as important realising checked the rise. Tata Steel Dfds were placed at Rs. 3025 and Ordinary at Rs. 544. Bombay Dyeings reacted at Rs. 2492, while Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 874 Central India Shares were quoted at Rs. 495 and Gokaks were done at Rs. 370 while Simplex Shares were placed at Rs. 401.

Textile Shares

BOMBAY March 13.

Bombay Dyeing 2485 Century 1045 Nagpur 496 Swadeshi 740 New Great 469 Simplex 398 Kohinoor 874 Colaba 401 Gokak 368/8 Phoenix 887/8 Mysore 310 Indian Bleaching 226 Swan 466 Finlay 424 Morarji 830 Indore 515.

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 541/8 Tata Steel Dfd. 3017/8.

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 223 Andhra 1885 Power 1990 Tram Ord 160/8.

CEMENT

Associated Merger 261/8.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 647/8 Alcock 503/12 Bellapur 274/8 Shivrajpur 61 Steamer Ord. 677/8 Scindia X.R. 39/2 Construction 246.

CASH SECTION

Mills: Apollo 5/10/6 Elphinstone 98 I U Ord 20/10 Defd 4/0/9 Indian Mfg. 3950 Kurla 346/4 Khatau 407/8 Dawn 1250 David 1295 New City 440 Minerva 270 Bradbury 535 Bharucha Dfds. 17/2 Bharat 72/12 Madhavji 25 Model 340 Laxmi Cotton 1725 Vishnu Cotton 645 Western 3680 Standard 575 Sholapur 7115 Sassoon Cotton 28 Hindustan 4080 Meyer Sassoon 280 Edward 882/8 Tata Mills 98/8 Ahmd. Advance 465 Sassoon Silk 102 New Union 29/8 Poddar 367/8 Madhusudan 575 Shri Nivas 502/8 Raja Bahadur Poona 141/4 Berar 420.

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 220 New 126 Surat 257/8 Surat New Premium 190 Karachi 236/4 Broach 13/8 Ajmer 15/2 Amalgamated 20/12 Jalgaon 15/8 Nagpur 51 Poona 285 Bombay Suburban 236/4 New Premium 100.

BANKS

Reserve 158/4 Imperial 2475 P. P. 640 Central 124/8 India 239 Union 13/2 Baroda 177 Habib 90 International 61 A.B.C. 44 Dena Bank 67 United 103/12 Jaipur 70 Hindustan 65 National Savings F P 78 P P 45 Mysore 435 Exchange 57 Eastern 106.

INSURANCE

Oriental 6850 Empire 1250 New India 102/8 Jupiter 47 Vulcan 20/4 Indian Mercantile 76 Universal 16/4 Vasant 25/6/6 Br. I Gen 28/4 Ind. Prud 53 Neptune 11/6 New Great 31/8.

RAILWAYS

Ah. Prantij 712/8 C. P. 108 Mymensing Reb 119/8 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 112 Sara Sirajganj 116/4 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Pachora 95 Hoshiarpur 117/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 221/4 Burma Petrol 5/14/3 Tata Oil 109/8 Mackenzie 180 Port Canning 110 Kemp 660 Zandu 226/4 Indian Radio Ord 380 B 380 Dfds 375 Indian Investment Trust 127 Wimco 432/12 Tata Chemical 22/14 Dharamsi Chemical 42 Mukund Iron 14/7 Dena Trust 24/8 Alembic 375 Supreme Industries 230 Jam Wire 140 Bombay Uganda 84 Bombay Cycle 38/8 Indian Cement (1937) 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 815 United Motor 46.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 235 Tata Steel Second 175 Tram 76 Andhra 1692/8 Tata Power 1737/8 Hydro 172/8 Bombay Steam 350 Nagpur 742/8 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 302/8 New Great 255 Podar 117 Shri Nivas 101 Elphinstone 136/14 Bradbury 565 Surat Elec. 212/8 Premier Construction First 140 Premier Construction Second 135 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 130 Walchandnagar Industries 550 Jupiter 18/10 Supreme 125/10.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 59/9 Bengal Steel 54 Indian Copper 5 B I. C. 11/2 Burma Corporation 6/15 New Victoria Mill 9/12 New Victoria Pref 11/8 Raja Tex 60 Phalton 160 Gold Mohur 381/4 New Kaiser Hind 2450 Sajjan Mills 447/8 Osmanshahi 412/8 Ajamshahi 697/8.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

Tata Ordinary 541/8, Tata Deferred 3017/8, Indian Iron 59/10, Steel Corpn. of Bengal XD 54, Bombay Dyeing 2485, Central India 496/4, Century 1045, Gokak 368/12, Kohinoor 873/12, Simplex 398, Andhra Valley 1885, Tata Hydro 221/14, Tata Power 1990, Associated Cement 261/8, Belapur 274/6. Bombay Burma (Old) 647/8.

GOLD & SILVER

Forward trading remained suspended to day pending the decision of the High Court case. In the meantime it is understood that when forward trading would be resumed it would be on a monthly bases or on the pre-war lines.

To day there was slightly increased demand influenced by expectations of inflationary figures in the weekly statement of the Bank.

Ready Silver business was done at Rs 151/8 to Rs. 152. Gold was quoted at Rs. 92/8 to Rs. 93 and Sovereigns at Rs. 66. The Mahajan Market was also steady and Silver tukda after declining to Rs. 149/8 advanced to Rs. 150/8 and steadied at Rs 150/4.

Later on there was absence of demand and ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 150/4 and Ready Gold at 92/8. Tone was quiet. Some professional operators are unloading their holdings.

PRODUCE MARKET

The future course of the market entirely depends upon the final reply of the British Food Ministry and in the meantime some Goa business is settled at current quotations. There was restricted turnover and the market was quietly steady.

Groundnuts G. I. F. Rly. Khandesh quality Bombay delivery Rs. 21/14, Latur Bold Rs. 21/6, Khandesh quality ready Bazar terms Rs. 114. Madras Goa March delivery Rs. 18/14.

Groundnut Oil Bombay Mill delivery Rs. 13/4. Wagon condition tank delivery Rs. 12/10. April delivery Rs. 12/11 and May Rs. 12/12.

Castorseeds Madras Bombay delivery Rs. 20, Navlakhi March-May delivery Rs. 19/10 and Goa March-May delivery Rs. 19/10.

Linseed Bombay ready Brown Bold Rs. 22/15, February-March Bombay delivery Rs. 22/15 March-May Bombay delivery Rs. 23, Navlakhi delivery Rs. 23/2 and Vizagapatam delivery Rs. 22/4.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET CLOSED.

The local Cotton Market remained entirely closed to day as a mark of respect to the memory of late Sheth Hansraj Harji.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close.
March	471/8	469/8	470/4
May	474/8	472/12	473/12
July	484	483	483
Sept.	489/8	488/4	488/12

ACTIVITY POSTPONED ON WORTH STREET

NEW YORK, March 12, (U.P.A.): Producers continued to postpone their selling activities on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today and are likely to do so until the pricing situation is fully analyzed.

Some circles believe that ten days will elapse before resumption of heavy business.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, March 12.

March	26.97+07
May	26.77+04
May highest	26.79+06
May lowest	26.67—06
July	26.80—
October	26.63+01
December	26.58+02
January	26.55+02
March	26.56+05
Middling Spot	27.38+06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

March	26.61+01
May	26.69+07
July	26.81+02
October	26.67+01
December	26.62+01
Middling Spot	26.55+10

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

March	26.95
May	26.70
July	26.73

INDIAN MEDICAL MISSION IN SINGAPORE.

SINGAPORE, March 12, (Reuter): An Indian Medical Mission headed by Mr. T. H. Sastri arrived in Singapore to-day

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES, BOMBAY, March 13.

MILLS.

Apollo 5/10/6 5/11/6 5/10/6
Bharat 73 73/8 72/7 72/12
Bharucha 17/2
B Dyeing 2492/8 2505 2485 87/8 80 87/8 80 82/8 75 83 81/4 2500 2482/8 88/12 82/8 87/8 86
Bradbury (Ord) 535
Central India (Ord) 497 501 494 96 92/8 97 94 96
Century 1040 50
Colaba 401
Edward 880 81/4 80 82/8
Elphinstone (Ord) 99 100 98
Elphinstone (Pref) 136/14
Finlay 422 30 21 24 23 26/8 24
Gokak 370 74 67 69 68 72 68 68/8
India United (Defd) 4/0/9 4/0/6 4/1 4/0/9
India United (Ord) 20/13 20/15 20/6 20/10/6 20/7 20/10
Indore 810 27/8 11/4 20 11/4 15
Khatau 402/8 7/8
Kohinoor 668 65 72 69 71 66 67 65 66/8 65 69 68 76 74 77 70 75 73 74 73/8 73 75 73 75 74
Luxmi 1725
Madhavji 25
Madhusudan 575
Meyer 281/4 80 82/8 77/8 80
Minerva 270
Model 327/8 41/4 40
Morarjee 837/8 40 25 32/8 30
Mysore 310
New Great 460 80 66 70 68 70 69
Phoenix 900
Sassoon Cotton 28 28/4 28
Shrinivas 500 502/8
Simplex 405/8 8 399 401 398/8 402 398
Swadeshi 742 50 39 43 36 41 36 42 38 40
Swan 465 75 73 74 64 70 66
Tata Mills 98 100 96/8 98/8
Vishnu 630 45
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly. 712/8 (Ex. Div)

BANKS.

Baroda 177 77/8 76 77
Central 125 25/4 24/8
Imperial (Old) 2477/8 75
Imperial (New) 635 33/12 40
India 241/8 39
International 61
National Savings (P. P.) 45
Reserve 158/4
Union 13/2 13/1 13/2
United Commercial 103/12

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 222/8 20
Ajmer 15/2
Andhra Valley (Ord) 1887/8 85
Tram (Ord) 161/8 62/8 60 60/8
Tram (Pref) 75/8 76
Hydro (Ord) 222
Hydro (Pref) 172/8
B. Suburban 236/4
Surat (Ord) 257/8
Power (Ord) 1990 80 90
Power (Pref) 1737/8

INSURANCE.

Indian Mercantile 76/8 76.
Jupiter 47
New India 103 2 2/4
Vulcan 20/4
Bombay Steam 675 77/8
Scindia 40 39 39/2 39 39/2
Bengal Steel 53/12 53/8 54 53/14 54
Indian Iron 59/9 59/10 59/6 59/12 59/9
Tata Steel (Defd) 3010 7/8 25 18/12 32/8 10 12/8 10 22/8 17/8 32-8 25 27/8 15 18/12 10 17/8.
Tata Steel (Ord) 546 45 47/8 43 44 41/8 42/8 40/8 45/8 41 41-8
Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 173/8 75

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 501/4 2/8 1/4 3/12
A. Cement 264/8 62/8 64/8 59/8 61/8 60 62 61/8
Belapur 277 79 72 74 72/8 75 74/8
Burmah (Old) 645 55 45 50 47/8
Burmah (New) 221/4
B. B. Petrol 5/15/6 5/15/9 5/15 5/15/3
I. Bleaching 224 27/8 25 26
P. Construction (Ord) 245 46/8 46 47 46
I. Construction (1st Pref.) 140
I. I. Trust 128 27
Shivrajpur 61/8 62/8 60/8 61
Tata Chemical (Ord) 23/2 23/4 23 23/4 22/14.
Tata Oil 107 10 9 11 7/8 10 9 9/8
Walchandnagar (Ord) 810 15
Western India Match 433 31/4 32/8
Berar Mfg. 400 420
New Union Mills 29/8
New Prince of Wales Press 412/8 15
Alembic Chemical (Ord) 370 75
Zandu Pharmacy 226/4

Highest Trading In Wall Street Market

NEW YORK, March 12.

Wall Street opened quiet and irregular. The market during the morning was dull with some prices recording slight gains but on the other hand, most leaders were neglected. Motors were buoyed by the office of price administration announcement permitting chrysler, ford and hundon to establish adjustable price ceilings, but bituminous operators were pessimistic concerning the threatened coal strike. In one of the slowest sessions since August, prices drifted aimlessly. The brokers attributed the cautiousness partly to apprehension of darmening foreign developments. However reports from Detroit that some favourable progress had been made for an early settlement of the general motors strike attracted timed buying. The session closed firm.

American Telephone 193-1/4 (192-1/8), Amerex Corpn. 35-1/2 (35.1/4), Anaconda Copper 45-7/8 (46), Chase National Bank 42 (42.1/8), Sinclair Oil 18.5/8 (18-3/4), Firestone Tyre 73-1/2 (73.3/4), General Electric 47-3/8 (47-1/2), General Motors 72.1/8 (72-1/4), Ingersol Rand 131 bid (131), International Nickel 37.1/2 (37-3/4), National City Bank 44.1/4 (44-5/8), New York Central 27-1/4 (26.7/8), Socony Vacuum Corpn. 15.7/8 (15-3/4), Texas Corpn 55 (55), Union Carbon 107.1/2 (105-1/4), U. S. Smelting 71 (72-1/2), U. S. Steel 82.5/8 82-3/8), Western Telegraph 43 (43.1/8).

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton May Contract is 351 cent points below New York May at Exchange rate 331.

INCREASE OF RS. 14 CRORES IN NOTES CIRCULATION

Weekly Statement Of Reserve Bank

An Account pursuant of the RESERVE BANK OF INDIA ACT, 1934, for the week ended the 8th day of March 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	19,46,92,000
Notes in circulation	1219,17,86,000
Total Notes issued	1238,64,78,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1238,64,78,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 94.437 per cent.

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
Sterling Securities	1125,32,89,000
TOTAL OF A	1169,74,34,000
B Rupee Coin	11,06,33,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,11,000
TOTAL ASSETS	1238,64,78,000

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	498,49,91,000
(2) Government of Burma	22,03,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	34,73,94,000
(b) Banks	87,47,83,000
(c) Others	11,68,24,000
Bills Payable	4,47,73,000
Other Liabilities	13,60,43,000
Rupees	660,70,11,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	19,46,92,000
Rupee Coin	46,20,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,86,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted	
(c) Government Treasury Bills	1,99,61,000
Balances held abroad *	591,64,80,000
Other Loans and Advances	1,46,000
Investments	33,21,13,000
Other Assets	13,68,13,000
Rupees	660,70,11,000

* Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, March 13.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16
London Banks selling T. T. D. D 1/5 31/32.
London Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32.
London Banks buying D. D. 1/6 1/16.
London Banks buying 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th month.
London Banks buying 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month.
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 3/4.
New York Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.
New York Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2.
New York Banks buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/2.
Montreal Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.
Montreal Banks buying T. T. Rs. 299.
Montreal Banks buying D. D. Rs. 297 1/2.
Paris Banks selling T. T. Fcs. 3550.
Paris Banks buying T. T. Fcs. 3650
Amsterdam Banks selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79 1/2.
Java Banks selling T. T. D. D. ——.
Hongkong Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.
Singapore Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157 1/4.

CROSS RATES.

New York/London dol. 4.03 3/8-4.03-1/2.
London/Hongkong 1/2 13/16-1/3 3/32.
London/Singapore 2/3 15/16 to 2/4 5/32.
London/Paris Fcs. 479.70 to 480.30
London/Belgium Fcs 176 1/2 — 3/4.
London/Switzerland Fcs 17.30 — 40
London/Stockholm Kr 16.85 — 95.
London/Denmark Kr. 19.32 — 19.36
London/New York dol. 4.02 1/2 — 4.03-1/2
London/Montreal dol 4.43 4.45.
London/Amsterdam Fl. 10.68 10.70
London/Java Fl. 7.58/7.62.
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.
London Discts. 3 Mos. 17/32 p. c.
London Discts 6 Mos 9/16-5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c Bank of England Rate 2 p.c
Money:—Call 1/4 p.c. 3 Mos 1/2 p.c. 6 Mos 3/4 p. c. 12 Mos. 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Some Enquiry.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET.

CHICAGO, March 12.

Chicago grains were quiet but firm on the strength of Winnipeg rye, with the tight nearby statistical position stimulating scattered local covering. Meanwhile South-West reports indicate that winter wheat is progressing favourably and a near record crop is anticipated. Millers have commenced shipping the new 80 per cent extraction flour to the trade and a survey of the results improving new product satisfactory.

May 1.83-1/2 bid (1.83.1/2 bid).
July 1.83-1/2 bid (1.83.1/2 bid).
September 1.82.1/8 to 1.82-1/8 (1.81-7/8 to 1.81-7/8).

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, March 13.

Cocoanuts Raw 172/8; Dry 150; Cocoanut Oil 525; Copra Office 330; Dilpasand 360; Madras Nottam 400; Goodgooda 400; Pepper Wynaad 400; Country 397/8; Dry Ginger Chernad 350; Ernad 325; Coffee Robusta 85.

TRIESTE STRIKE CONTINUES

100,000 PEOPLE MARCH IN SURPRISE DEMONSTRATION

TRIESTE, March 13. (A.P.A.): The Venzia Giulia general strike went into its third day today after an estimated 100,000 Trieste people marched in a surprise demonstration before the Headquarters of the Allied boundary commission yesterday.

The demonstration followed a big funeral for two victims of Sunday's police shooting.

As the crowd chanting "Tito" and "Yugoslavia" halted before the Commission Headquarters, which also houses the Allied Military Government, several commission members including a Russian officer waved to them from a balcony.

Earlier, Eugenio Laurenti, Secretary of the Italo-Slovene anti-Fascist Union, told the huge funeral crowd in Trieste's Giacomo Square that the general strike, which was called in protest against the Sunday slayings, would continue until the Military Government assured the people that the police would stop "murdering unarmed people".

WALLACE SNUBS CHURCHILL

WASHINGTON, March 12 (Reuter): Mr. Henry Wallace, the United States Secretary for Commerce, today told the Senate Banking and Currency Committee, holding hearings on the proposed United States-British financial agreement that he would not for a moment support the loan to Britain if he thought it represented the "first step" towards an Anglo-U.S. alliance such as advocated by Mr. Churchill in his speech at Fulton, Missouri.

Let 'Loyal' Traitors Curse Themselves

NAGPUR, March 12 (U.P.I.): According to the "Hindustan Herald" the Congress High Command has issued instructions to the Provinces that when the Congress Ministries come into power there should be no spirit of wrecking vengeance on the officers who are guilty of atrocities during the 1942 movement. Their conduct may be watched but in the interest of smooth-running there should be no revenge so that the coming of the Congress in power need not cause heart-burning among a section of the officials who are and were more loyal than the King himself.

BAN ON SALE OF MILL CLOTH IN RAWALPINDI

RAWALPINDI, March 12 (A.P.I.): To accumulate sufficient stock to meet the demands of public under the new distribution scheme coming into force on 1st May next, the sale of any kind of mill made cotton cloth, whether fine or coarse, has been banned under an order issued by the District Magistrate of Rawalpindi within the area of the town.

Mill Buying Against Textile Orders On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

NEW YORK, March 12.

New York cotton opened irregular, and then steadied on trade and mill buying. The tendency in early trading was to emphasise the strong opposition to increased margins and other points of the office of price administration price policies. Later the market eased, as operators increased hedges against recent Commodity Credit Corporation sales found buyers more or less indifferent. Continued uncertainties in connexion with margins, labour stalemates and the International situation were possibly contributing factors. Towards noon the market was steadier, 5 higher to 7 lower. The market steadied on mill buying against textile orders and a let up of hedges. Otherwise trading was featureless. The session closed steady.

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, March 13.

Food grain prices declined slightly. Peas 10/-; New 10/-; Maize 10; Bajra 9/11; Juwar 10/-; Arhar 9/-; Urad 14/14; Moong 12/5; quieter in sympathy with grains stocks. Wheat 16; Peas 4; Arhar 9; Khattis Gur 11/10; Jaggery Powder 13/8; prices rising despatch control yesterday's arrival 1500 Mds. Cottonseed 11/12; Badana dw. 58/- Md. 52/-; Chet 53; Asaj 53/4 Unsteady Guwar Ready 8/3; Baishak 8/4/11; Maha 7/5; Steady Silver 150/6; Gold 89/12: steady on poor stocks and set light policy of stockist bulls.

GREEK PREMIER BUSY ACCEPTING RESIGNATIONS.

ATHENS, March 12 (Reuter): M Pheniscles Sophoulis Greek Prime Minister, to-day accepted the resignation of M. Alexander Milonas Minister of Finance—the tenth Minister to leave the Cabinet in recent weeks.

M Milons, who had announced that he would resign unless the elections fixed for March 31 are postponed for at least a month stated to-day that his resignation was in accordance with the decision of the Agrarian Democratic Party of which he is leader.

India Faced With Tragedy Of Unprecedented Magnitude

Immediate Supply Of Amount Of Cereals Asked For Urged: Chaos Feared If Food Delegation Fails

WASHINGTON, March 13 (A.P.A.): Unless India receives the amount of cereals it has asked for, the country is faced with millions of deaths from starvation, Sir Nazim Khwaja, a leading member of the Indian Food Delegation, said yesterday.

The situation is "so grave that unless we get the minimum quantities of cereals we have asked for, and for which we are prepared to pay in full in the immediate future, India is faced with a tragedy of unprecedented proportions leading to deaths four times the number of deaths in the Bengal famine", he said.

Indians estimated three million persons died in the Bengal famine in 1943.

Sir Nazim predicted that unless the famine threat is resolved, the British Mission to India will fail, AND THERE WILL BE A "COMPLETE BREAKDOWN IN ADMINISTRATIVE MACHINERY" IN INDIA."

He said if the food delegation failed, the "result could only be chaos." The delegation has asked the Combined Food Board for two million tons of cereals before the end of June.

The delegation explained their case is now before the Board, and an answer is expected within a few days: and the delegates expressed approval of the president's campaign to save food in the United States, but agree that they were horrified at food waste, particularly of bread.

HOOVER'S CONCERN FOR WAR-TORN COUNTRIES

The former President, Mr. Herbert Hoover, said yesterday that supplies of cereal now available to avert starvation in war-torn countries are eight to nine million tons short of minimum needs.

However, he said in a news conference that he believed all but one or two million tons of the deficit would be made up through reduced consumption in the United States and other western hemisphere countries.

Mr. Hoover said his Emergency Committee and the Agriculture Department will seek to obtain five million tons of cereals from Latin-American countries, through a combination of reduced consumption and increased export, and savings of two million tons of wheat in the United States by July 1.

He said he expected to fly to France on March 17. He said his itinerary was not completed there, but there was a possibility that he might go to India.

NIZAM GOVT. EX-FOOD CHIEF CONVICTED

Charged Under Official Secrets Act And D.I.R.

SECUNDERABAD, March 12 (A. P. I.): Mr. C. C. Paul, former Director of Food Supply, Secunderabad, was convicted and sentenced today by the Additional District Magistrate Mr. U. C. Smith to 3 months simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 500 in default further 3 months S.I. on each of two counts.

Mr. Paul was charged under the Official Secret Act and the Defence of India Rules for having divulged certain information regarding imposition of additional special excise duty on sugar imposed by the Government of India in October 1944 to a former Secretary of the Secunderabad Central Grain Depot.

Mr. Paul has been allowed bail pending appeal before the Sessions Court.

£1,000 Champion Hurdler

CHELTENHAM, March 12 (Reuter): The biggest crowd since the pre-war days of "Golden Miler" gathered at the picturesque National Hunt Headquarters here, this afternoon, to watch Ireland's Champion hurdler "Distel", a five-year old gelding by Rosewell out of Laitron, win £1,000 Champion Hurdle, Britain's premier hurdle race, for the popular woman owner Dorothy Paget, cables Vernon Morgan, Reuter's Sports Editor.

Distel, starting odds on favourite at 4 to 5, won easily by four lengths from the hitherto unbeaten British hurdler "Carnival Boy", starting second favourite at 7 to 2, the third half a length away, was the Hundred Guineas Horse Robin Ochantry, who started at 100 to 6.

Eight ran. Distel's win delighted the large crowd of Irishmen present.

Subhas Bose Birthday Committee Dissolved

BOMBAY, March 12. (A.P.I.): The Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose Birthday Celebration Committee, Bombay, formed in January to celebrate the birthday of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, has been dissolved. The Committee at its last meeting decided to donate the balance of Rs. 550 of the money collected for the purpose of the celebration for the erection of a memorial to those who lost their lives in Bombay on January 23 during the disturbances which followed the celebraton.

FRUIT PRODUCTS CONTROL ORDER

DELHI (By Mail): The Fruit Products Control Order will now come into force from the 1st May instead of 1st March, 1946.

This decision has been takken by the Government of India in view of representations received from fruit manufacturers about the inadequacy of time allowed to them for disposal of

Mudaliar Asks For 4,000,000 Tons Of Cereals

NEW YORK, March 13 (Reuter): The 100,000,000 inhabitants of Southern India, faced with starvation by famine, will know their fate on Thursday, when the decision of the Combined Food Board in Washington will be announced, cables Reuter's correspondent.

The board has heard pleas from the Indian Food Delegation headed by Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar for 4,000,000 tons of cereals for India for the next nine months, and at least 2,000,000 tons by the end of June.

Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin, former Prime Minister of Bengal and a member of the Indian Food Mission who arrived in New York to proceed to Washington with two of his colleagues in order to mobilise public opinion" told a press conference: "Owing to floods, tidal waves and unprecedented drought, crops have failed, and there is a danger that if help in the shape of food grains does not come, there will be deaths in India of 5,000,000 to 10,000,000 people. We are prepared to pay for every grain of food for which we are asking and our claims are based, apart from humanitarian grounds, on the fact that during the war India rendered every possible assistance to the Allied cause in the shape of men, money and materials.

APPEAL TO U. S. CITIZENS

"The Combined Food Board has given us a hearing", said Sir K. Nazimuddin, "and they are sympathetic, but our appeal is to the people of America, particularly to see that timely assistance is sent, otherwise there is the danger of one of the greatest tragedies in the world being enacted."

Sir Nazimuddin said that if cereals were not forthcoming soon, at least four times as many deaths would occur in India as during the Bengal famine. He added: "It should be borne in mind that owing to religious reasons and poverty, 80 per cent of the population of India eat nothing but rice or wheat or millets, while the people of other famine countries are being supplied with meat, fish, canned goods and poultry. We are not asking for any meats or canned goods—all we want are cereals."

Asked whether there were political implications in the impending famine Sir Nazimuddin replied: "Not at present, but we are afraid, the famine might result in a complete breakdown in administrative machinery and increased food riots."

Broach Teachers On Strike Suspended

SURAT, March 13. (A.P.I.): An order suspending the primary teachers who are on strike in Broach has been issued by the Administrative Officer of the Broach School Board according to a local newspaper report. It is stated that the teachers have not so far received their pay.

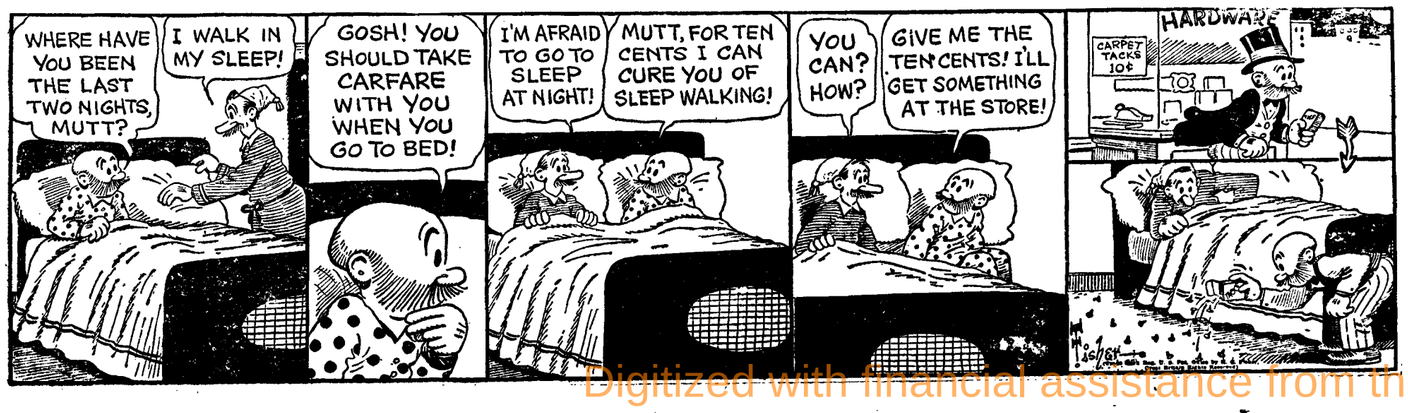
The primary teachers' strike situation took a turn to the worse early this week with 7,000 teachers of Baroda joining the strike.

In Surat teachers who are on strike are holding number of meetings in various localities of the town to explain to the citizens their plight to win public sympathies to their demands.

Almost all schools in Gujerat are affected by the strike.

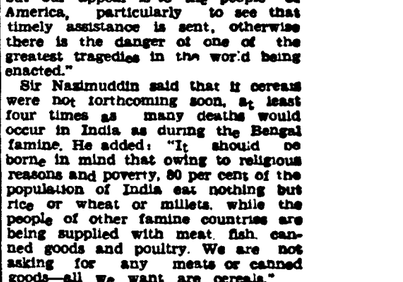
MUTT AND JEFF—There's More Than One Point To Jeff's Cure For Sleep Walking

By BUD FISHER


WHERE HAVE YOU BEEN THE LAST TWO NIGHTS, MUTT?
I WALK IN MY SLEEP!
GOSH! YOU SHOULD TAKE CARFARE WITH YOU WHEN YOU GO TO BED!
I'M AFRAID TO GO TO SLEEP AT NIGHT!
MUTT, FOR TEN CENTS I CAN CURE YOU OF SLEEP WALKING!
YOU CAN? HOW?
GIVE ME THE TEN CENTS! I'LL GET SOMETHING AT THE STORE!
HARDWARE
CARPET TACKS 10¢

Men too can Use this Fine Hair Tonic

If you fight shy of hair oils, here is one you can use with great benefit. Mukul Hair Oil is made from rare herbs. It gives energy to the hair roots, makes the hair soft and gleaming. It's an ideal hair tonic for brain workers.



Revitalises hair glands Dislodges dandruff • Prevents baldness • Improves eyesight

Mukul

NOT JUST A HAIR OIL BUT A HAIR TONIC

Ayurvedashram Pharmacy Ltd Ahmednagar

AY—86

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted two expeienced Laundry Clerks. Good future prospects. Apply in own handwriting stating Nationality, Age, Experience and Salary expected. Apply Post Box No. 451. Bombay No. 1. 1129

Wanted immediately an experienced Motor Driver cum Mechanic. Salary up to Rs. 100 per month with free accommodation. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay, 11. 1133

Head Clerk wanted for the Bombay Postal Co-operative Society, Ltd., G.P.O., Bombay, after 15th March, 1946. Pay Rs. 200-5-250. Qualifieations practical knowledge of Banking, Accountancy & B. Com. or G.D.A. Apply to the Honorary Secretary. (7054)

Wanted Canvassers and Distributors for selling Shalimar Electric Fans at controlled prices. Apply Kumar & Sons, P.O. Box 1903, Bombay. (1124)

Wanted a Short-hand Typist for a Solicitor firm. Apply to Box No. 1132 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Technicians, Clerks and Apprentices. Apply to the Manager, Central Studios Laboratory, 74-94, Tardeo Road, Bombay 7. (1108)

Wanted fast and accurate Stenographer, apply stating age, nationality, qualifications, with copies of testimonials and minimum salary required to Box No. 7040, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced matriculate Copy-holders. Apply with certificate to the manager. The "Bombay Chronicle" between 12 and 1 p. m.

Wanted experienced compositors and Lino correctors. Apply with certificate to the manager. The "Bombay Chronicle" between 12 and 1 p. m.

Are you sure of becoming an A Class Indian Cine actor/actress? We want you. Also you can become a partnerlike personality in the company. Please state your age, educational qualification past and present occupation, nature of interest in the line, your capacity and desire to invest giving idea with your fully addressed envelope for immediate reply and interview to Box No. 1143, "Bombay Chronicle."

GODOWN WANTED

Wanted godown or vacant land for small scale workshop. Prepared to share. Quote rent. Apply Box No. 1134 "Bombay Chronicle"

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted: Agents for sale of our high quality cigarettes and pipe tobacco in every city and town. Write for samples and agency terms. Oriental Tobacco Co., Cawnpore. 6985

Wanted experienced and influential Steamship Agents and Freight Brokers for an Indian Steamship Company operating shortly in Malabar and Coromandal Coasts. Apply sharp with details of experience, terms and market statistics to K. Lall & Co., 3, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta. 1122

BUSINESS OFFERS.

Your Reliable Representatives for marketing your goods and making purchases on your behalf: N. B. Parulekar & Co., 157, Princess Street, Bombay 2 (Phone: 24388) 1131

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted (1.) One Lancashire Boiler 30'x7½' 160 lbs. pressure in good condition. (2) Compound condensing steam engine 14x28x26 or 15x28x30. in working order. Lowest quotations with particulars to be sent to Messrs. Heerachand Poonamchand, James street, Secunderabad Dn. 7078

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Holders of Import Licences, for the import of Industrial Chemicals, Dyes, Medical & Surgical Products, and Paper from America may please communicate with Hotchand Hirachand & Sons, P.O. Box No. 244, Karachi. 1136

Writers' Success Club Membership open to active ambitious authors. Address Box No. 1138, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Fire Bricks, Fire Blocks, Fireclay of High Grade, Magnesia Composition, S. W. Pipes etc. available from ready with The Ishwar Industries, Ltd., Ishwar Nagar Delhi 6416

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
ISSUE OF THIRD CLASS TICKETS

On and from 15th March, 1946, the Third Class Booking Windows at Bombay Central will remain open up to five minutes before the scheduled departure time of trains and tickets will be sold freely up to that time.

Passengers who have bought tickets at the station but who, for want of room in the train, cannot commence their journey should apply to the Station Superintendent for refund of fare within three hours after the departure of the train. (7071)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS
(MISCELLANEOUS STORES DIRECTORATE)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the following stores available at locations shown against each:

No.	Name	Quantity	Location	Condition.
i)	Citric Acid	2 tons 19 cwts. 1 qr. 8¾ lbs.	M.S.D., 9, Clyde Row, Hastings, Calcutta.	Contains 98.5% citric acid, but conforms to other requirements of B.P.
ii)	Acidum Citricum B.P. P.V. No. 01008.	4 tons 7 cwts. 1 qr. 8 lbs.	No. 1 Indian Reserve Base Depot, Veterinary Stores, Beckysmith Road, Lahore Cantt.	Conforms to B.P. in all respects.

2. The stores were purchased to Government specifications but will be sold subject to the conditions of the contract laid down in form Con. 117 which can be seen at the offices of the Regional Commissioners at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Cawnpore, Karachi and Lahore and Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

3. The stores can be inspected at site on permits to be issued by Director of Disposals, New Delhi, on request.

4. Offers in tenderer's own form in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. DGD|SR-3716|MED" should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 500|- deposited as earnest money in the Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

5. Tenders should reach Director of Disposals, (Miscellaneous Stores), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, by 4 P.M. on 30-3-46.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 30-4-46.

7. Delivery of the stores will be ex-site and removal should be completed within a fortnight of the date of acceptance of the tender.

8. Tenderers are at liberty to quote for the entire quantities or part thereof.

9. Rates should be quoted as per unit stated against each item. (7024)

MAHALAXMI COTTON MILLS, LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE:
15, Clive Street, CALCUTTA.

Phone: Cal. 5130 Telegrams: Hemasree, Calcutta.

4th March, 1946.

To
THE SHAREHOLDERS,
The Mahalaxmi Cotton Mills, Limited.

Dear Sirs,

As you know, a resolution was passed in an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 12th October, 1945 for the sub-division of each share of the Company of Rs. 25/- into 5 shares of Rs. 5/-.

You are entitled to 5 shares of Rs. 5/- each against each share of Rs. 25/- held by you now. It has been decided that the present owners of the existing shares should exchange these shares into the new shares between March 28 & April 26, 1946.

We have, therefore, to request you to forward to us your share scrip or scrips duly discharged to enable us to send you the new scrips.

The Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from March 28 to April, 26, 1946, both days inclusive.

By order
H. DATTA & SONS, LTD.
Managing Agents.
(7077).

POST-WAR RECONSTRUCTION
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS will be received upto 3 P.M. on Friday the 29th March 1946 in the office of the Executive Engineer, Road Projects Division (North) at Bombay for the following works:—

	Approximate estimated cost of work.
(1) A group of 13 village roads in Bombay Suburban District.	Rs. 24,588/-.
(2) A group of 4 village roads in Thana District.	„ 10,976/-.

2. Tender Forms will be issued to approved contractors on payment of Rs. 10/- per copy, in the office of the undersigned during office hours, on any working day upto 28th March 1946.

3. For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

P.W.D. Secretariat, Fort, Bombay, Dated 13th March 1946.

T. C. KANTAWALA, Executive Engineer, Road Projects Division (North).

7084

WANTED

IMMEDIATELY 180 qualified OVERSEERS or SUB-OVERSEERS on Rs. 90 to Rs. 120|- according to experience and 80|- p.m. respectively for temporary appointment. Age limit 40. Ex-Service candidates preferred. For full particulars apply Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, Nagpur.

(Sd.) C. B. ROY,
Chief Engineer,
C.P. and Berar, P.W.D.
Dated the 8th March, 1946. (7052)

M. S. M. RAILWAY-TENDER.

THE CHIEF ENGINEER, M. and S. M. Railway, Park Town, Madras, invites sealed tenders for "Stone ballasting Gadag-Sholapur Branch" from mile 43.75 to 87.25 in connection with the work "Relaying with 50 lbs. R.F.F. rails on wooden sleepers in lieu of existing 41 ½ lbs. wooden and steel sleepers".

Tender forms with schedule of rates, giving full particulars of the work, Instructions to Parties Tendering and conditions of Contract can be obtained on application to the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 10 each, which will not be refundable.

Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 300 and intending tenderers should send samples of ballast from specified quarries along with the tender to the Chief Engineer.

Tenders should be superscribed "STONE BALLASTING GADAG-SHOLAPUR BRANCH" and submitted so as to reach the Chief Engineer, not later than 12 Noon on Wednesday 10th April, 1946.

7059

CANAL SIGNALLERS.

WANTED a large number for temporary appointments with future prospects for deserving men. Pay according to qualifications and length of experience up to 46 p.m. plus dearness allowance. No age restriction, provided strong enough to work. Apply with testimonials stating pay required to Superintending Engineer, 1st Circle, Bahawalpur. 7060

M. & S. M. RAILWAY—TENDER.

I. The Chief Engineer invites sealed tenders for the maintenance of the following sections on the Metre Gauge system of this Railway:—

(i) From Portuguese Frontier (mile 51.04) to Mormugao on the Portuguese Territory including the Harbour comprising Castle Rock (Portuguese Territory), Sanvordem and Vascodagama Sections.

(ii) From Londa to Portuguese Frontier (mile 51.04) comprising Castle Rock (British Territory).

II. The whole length as above will be allotted to one Contractor —but separate agreements will be necessary for British and Portuguese territories.

III. Tenders should be submitted in the prescribed form which can be obtained on application to the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, on payment of Rs. 10 for the whole length which will not be refundable.

IV. The tenders should be superscribed "MAINTENANCE CONTRACT—MORMUGAO DISTRICT" and sent so as to reach the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Park Town, Madras, not later than 12 Noon on Monday, 15th April, 1946. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500.

7058

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO. LTD.
LAST SHARE CERTIFICATE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that share certificate No. 61204 in respect of five ordinary shares Nos. 62183 to 62187 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Mr. Jamnadas Sunderji and "Bai Parbhavanti Sunderji" has been lost, mislaid or destroyed. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Bombay, No. 1, within one month from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate certificate will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Date 14-3-46.

JUMNADAS SUNDERJI. 1135

PUBLIC NOTICES

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
INSOLVENCY No. 21 of 1946

Re: SUNDERDAS VASSONJI SAMPAT, residing at Dr. Sukhtankar's House, Banganga, Walkeshwar, Bombay: ..... A Debtor.

Ex parte: SANTOKCHAND PRATAPMAL: ..... Petitioning Creditor.

On the 5th day of March, 1946, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 13th day of March, 1946.

K. K. DASTUR,
Insolvency Registrar.
7081

NOTICE

THE APOLLO MILLS LTD.

APPLICATION has been received by the Directors of this Company to issue duplicate of the share certificate for 100 shares Nos. 1661076/175 in this Company standing in the name of Mrs. Jaswanti Nandalal, Ghatkopar, Bombay Suburb, upon the statement that the original certificate has been lost. And notice is hereby given that if within 30 days from the date hereof no claim or representation in respect of such original certificate is made to the said Directors at the registered office of the Company situated at DeLisle Road, Chinchpokli Bombay 11, they will then proceed to deal with such application for issue of duplicate share certificate.

Bombay, dated 13-3-46.

J. S. DAWDA,
Secretary.
7080

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

ALTERNATIVE SEALED TENDERS are invited by the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, for renewing or repairing Waterproof covering over the terraces of Port Trust buildings.

Conditions of contract, schedule of quantities and form of tender can be obtained from the office of the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 3 per set.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 400 by crossed cheque as earnest money. The deposit will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders will be received upto 1-0 p.m. (S.T.) on Tuesday 26th March 1946.

F. M. SURVEYOR,
Chief Engineer.

Ballard Road,
Fort, Bombay.
7085

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the revised Municipal Building Bye-laws, sanctioned by the Bombay Municipal Corporation and confirmed by the Government of Bombay by GR No. 4311/33, dated 1-2-1946, General Department, have been published in the Bombay Government Gazette Part II at pages 168 to 182 on 28-2-1946, and have become operative in law FROM THAT DATE.

Copies of the revised bye-laws, together with extracts of relevant sections of the Municipal Act, can be had from the Office of the City Engineer on payment of annas eight per copy.

(Sd) U. M. MIRCHANDANI.
Municipal Commissioner.
7079

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ISMAIL MAHOMED JAFFER and ASHRAFUNISA ISMAIL MAHOMED JAFFER have contracted to sell to one of our Clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise, howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Municipal Perpetual leasehold land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate, lying and being on Plot No. 62 of the Sandhurst Road East Estate of the Bombay Municipality in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 553 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3164 (part) and 3165 (part) Cadastral Survey No. 2/1777 of Mandvi Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward Nos. 2870(1), 2870(2), 2871, 2872 and 2873, 2874, 2875 and 2876 and Street Nos. 164 to 168, 61 to 73 and 59 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Plot No. 63 of the said estate leased to the Ismailia Co-operative Bank Ltd., on or towards the West by Nishanpada Road, on or towards the North by the property of Messrs. Abdulla Haji Manjee and another and on or towards the South by Sandhurst Road and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Vendors tenants.

Dated this 12th day of March, 1946.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN.
Purchasers Attorneys.
7083

PUBLIC NOTICES

SCHOOL OF ORIENTAL AND AFRICAN STUDIES
UNIVERSITY OF LONDON, W.C.I.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts:—

1. LECTURER IN INDIAN PHILOSOPHY AND SANSKRIT as from 1st October, 1946. Status and salary according to qualifications within the scale £525 by £25 annually to £750.
2. LECTURER IN SANSKRIT as from 1st October 1946. Salary £525 to £750 by £25 annual increments.

Applications must reach the Secretary at the School before 14th June, 1946.

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE

AUCTION SALE OF WINE GLASSES, TUMBLERS, FORKS, KNIVES & SPOONS, CROCKERY, FLOWER POTS, FURNITURE ETC.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Deed of Settlement, dated 1st August, 1913, executed by the late Seth Bomanji Dinshaw Petit, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY (THURSDAY), the 14th March, 1946 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises of Union Bank Building (1st Floor) at Apollo Street, Fort.

Big lots of wine glasses, tumblers, forks, knives and spoons, flat dishes, cups and saucers, large cloissonni vases, majolica palm pots and flower pots, marble pedestals, greysers, dining room chairs, writing tables, nests of teapoys, cupboards, Chests of drawers, wall-brackets, E. light figures, marble busts, fancy show cases, clock, benches cushioned chairs, marble table with a canopy, beds, wearing apparels, books etc.

On view from 11-30.

IMPORTANT TO MILL OWNERS OR AGENTS

SALE OF 100 BALES AFRICAN COTTON.

As Friday, the 15th inst. has been declared a Public Holiday, offers for 100 bales African Cotton will be received upto 1 P.M. (S.T.) on Tuesday the 19th March 1946.

BENNETT & CO.

"WIT" PICKING BANDS

Beltings Buffers, etc. manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES LTD. highly approved by the Mills. Apply Selling Agents, THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO., LTD., 9, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay. Phone: 33609.

She's Grateful
LODHRA
Best uterine tonic
has made her enjoy the best of life
After a prolonged bout with uterine pains & consequent ill-health, Lodhra has enabled her to regain normal life with abounding energy & high spirits.
KESARI KUTEERAM LTD
MADRAS

Agents: D. M. VOHRA, Laxmipuri, KOLHAPUR.

Modern Smart Chic
FIFTH AVENUE WOMEN
. . . well-dressed, and with perfect FIFTH AVENUE make-up . . . use FIFTH AVENUE Perfume for that final touch of glamour. The alluring fragrance of FIFTH AVENUE Perfume is available to all women.
FIFTH AVENUE
PERFUME
FIFTH AVENUE BEAUTY PREPARATIONS LTD. 49 OLD BOND ST. LONDON W1

THE INDIAN SMELTING & REFINING CO., LTD.

SHALE BUILDING, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY
Cables: ISARC. 'Phone: 32831 (two lines)

IS

WHITE METALS (Antifriction) Nos. 6 to 90.
GUN METAL (for casting purposes purest quality).
PHOSPHOR BRONZE No 200 and No. 500.
LEAD BRONZE. (for special bearings).
ALUMINIUM BRONZE.
MANGANESE BRONZE.
BELL METAL and READYCAST BELLS.
BRASS INGOTS.
NICKEL SILVER ALLOY.
TIN SOLDER 7 Grades.
BRAZING SOLDER 3 Grades.
SILVER SOLDER 2 Grades.
ALUMINIUM SILICON ALLOYS.

NON-FERROUS CASTINGS.

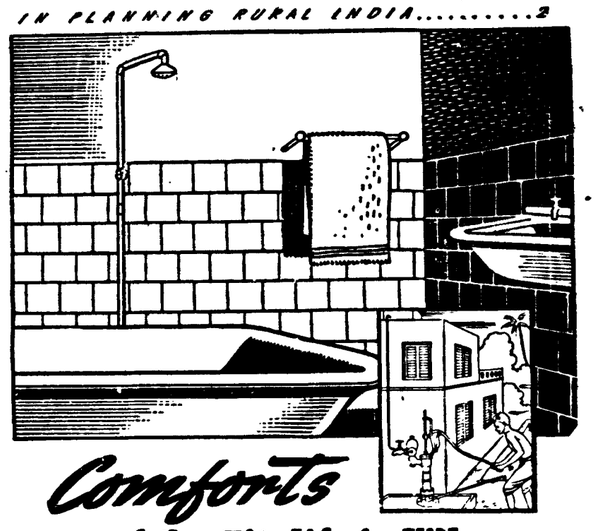
ON SUPPLY DEPT., ARMY & RAILWAY LISTS.

KEEP your Eyes open...

Yes, Raleigh cycles are still in limited supply, but they are to be found, and they are worth every effort you can make to secure one. Soon there will be more Raleighs available, and in choosing Raleigh you will have a trusty friend, for a rare knowledge produces the Raleigh, and it is at your service.

RALEIGH
The All Steel Bicycle

IN PLANNING RURAL INDIA.....2



Comforts of the City life in Villages

'To turn the tap and get water'—has been a city-amenity so long. Now Maya Lift and force pumps bring this to every village.

In the planning of a better rural India these pumps have been designed as an immediate measure to utilise the existing sources of water supply such as neighbouring wells, tubewells or tanks and to bring to the village the comfort of the city life by removing the inconvenience of carrying water

The luxury of shower bath, facilities of tapwater and washing basins at any place of your house, you will enjoy if you instal any of these pumps. They can lift water from a depth of 25 ft. and force it to reservoirs placed at an height of about 60 ft.

Strongly built, perfectly designed these pumps are kept at a low price to reach every home. Write for particulars:

MAYA LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS

MANUFACTURED BY MAYA ENGINEERING WORKS
36A, RUSSA ROAD, CALCUTTA.

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.